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Halting The Reds In S.-East Asia

U. S. WAR CHIEFS' NOTE TO TRUMAN

MacArthur To Have Full Powers In Emergency

WASHINGTON, FEBRUARY 13.

THE UNITED STATES JOINT CHIEF OF STAFF TODAY ANNOUNCED THAT THEY HAD GIVEN GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN JAPAN, AUTHORITY TO ASSUME CONTROL OF AMERICAN NAVAL FORCES IN JAPANESE WATERS IN THE EVENT OF EMERGENCY.

The Chiefs of Staff have also told President Truman in a secret report their views on halting Communist expansion on South-East Asia, their Chairman General Omar Bradley said here today.

Admiral Forrest Sherman, Chief of Naval Operation affirmed that the U. S. Pacific Fleet is equipped and deployed to cope with any Russian submarine attack.

The Joint Chiefs of Staff recently returned from a tour of bases in the West Pacific.

General Bradley, speaking at a news conference, declined to elaborate his point except to say that the policy to be followed on China and South-East Asia was a matter for the Staff Department.

General Bradley said the question of the future of Formosa was not discussed in detail with General MacArthur.

Omar Bradley

"We already know his views on Formosa", he stated, adding that the Joint Chiefs had not visited Formosa or the Philippines.

More than 100 reporters and photographers gathered in the War Department's Headquarters to hear the Joint Chiefs review their tour. Asked what were considered the major threats in the Pacific, and what steps were being taken to meet them, General Bradley said he could not comment on this without discussing war plans. But he pointed out that the United States was maintaining its military bases in the area.

Admiral Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations, questioned about Soviet submarines in the Pacific, said the Russians since the end of the war had kept about one quarter of their fleet in that Ocean. There had been no recent increases.

Admiral Sherman said that in Tokyo the Joint Chiefs ordered a change in the Pacific Command structure to "reaffirm and clarify" relations between naval forces and General MacArthurs Headquarters.

"When the Western Pacific naval forces are in Japanese waters and when there is an emergency they will be under General MacArthur's control.

"In peace time, when the Western Pacific forces are not in Japanese waters, they will operate as units of the Pacific fleet."

The Joint Chiefs said the question of permanent American military bases in Japan would depend on the terms of the peace treaty with Japan, which was a matter for the State Department.

General Bradley was asked if a permanent base would be established on Okinawa island. He replied: "In the foreseeable future we will have to keep troops there."

FLEET EXERCISES

SINGAPORE: Units of the British Far Eastern fleet will leave Hong Kong on February 28 under the command of Rear Admiral W. G. Andrews to take part in routine combined exercises at Subic Bay, Philippines, with units of the United States Pacific Fleet, it was officially announced today.

They include 13,350 ton aircraft carrier "Triump" and the 8,000 ton cruiser "Jamaica" and "Kenya."

Situation 'Delicate . Says Zafrullah

LAKE SUCCESS, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan's Foreign Minister, said today that his Government was finding it "very difficult to deal with the delicate situation" in Pakistan, resulting from the Kashmir deadlock and the people's feeling that no plebiscite would be held for sometime.

A. R. P. SYSTEMS IN TWO U. S. STATES

SEATTLE, Feb. 13.

WARTIME air raid warning systems are to be put in working order again in Washington and Oregon States, but the public has been cautioned against hysteria or "undue concern."

Washington Governor, Arthur B. Langlie and Oregon Governor Douglas McKay have ordered the systems to be set up at the request of the Secretary of Defence Mr. Louis Johnson.

Red Eye On Tibet?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 13.

Reports reaching London show that Communists are preparing to attack Tibet "Friends" of the Tibetan Government feel impotent as Prime Minster Pandit Nehru, it is said, refuses to cooperate in sending men or material to Tibet These "frieids" also fear that if Communists get control over Tibet, Pandit Nehru would recognize the new regime.

In this connection, The Glasgow Herald says it is difficult to say what "game" Pandit Nehru is playing, "but it is not difficult to recognize it is a dangerous game, and not only to India."

A bill to adopt Hindi in Devnagri script as the official language of Madhya Bharat will be introduced in the forthcoming session of the Madhya Bharat Legislative Assembly.

POLICE FIRE ON ASSAM MOB

One Dead, One Hurt

CALCUTTA NEARLY NORMAL NOW

KARIMGANJ (Assam), Feb. 13.

ONE person died and another was injured when the police opened fire to disperse an unruly mob here today.

It is stated that a crowd armed with deadly weapons threatened to attack the local railway station. The subdivisional officer with prominent citizens rushed to the spot and were attacked by the mob.

Armed police and military were then requisitioned and as the mob refused to disperse, the police opened fire. The Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of Police soon arrived on the spot and an order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. was promulgated in the town and suburbs.

Armed police and military are patrolling the town and its surrounding areas and the situation is now under control.

IMPROVEMENT

CALCUTTA: The situation in Calcutta has improved further today and there has been only one or two incidents in the affected areas. The rest of Calcutta has been peaceful. Business is being carried on in the normal way. The city transport services are running in the usual manner.

A West Bengal Government press note giving details of the day's incidents stated:—

"There have been a few more cases of arson in Howrah in the area which was affected yesterday. The police and military continued patrolling the streets and the situation is under control. Section 144 has been imposed in Howrah and curfew has been ordered in the area which is most affected. In Howrah there have been five casualties and about 100 arrests during the day. Most of the arrested persons are said to have taken part in looting and arson.

"Stray incidents occurred near Dum Dum cantonment. The situation was brought under control very soon. There was only one casualty in this area. Ten plane loads of passengers arrived from Dacca today. The latest news from our Deputy High Commissioner is that the situation is quieter today in Dacca.

"Food and sanitary arrangements for the evacuees in different parts of the town of Calcutta have been maintained as before."

DR. ROY'S APPEAL

The Chief Minister of West Bengal, Dr. B. C. Roy appealed today to his countrymen "with all the earnestness I can command", not to sully the fair name of Bengal and Bengalees by indulging in wanton outrages which, he said, were ineffective in attaining any objective and at the same time were sure to bring about untold miseries to all.

DACCA QUIET

DACCA: The following press note has been issued by the Government of East Bengal: "Dacca remained quiet last (Sunday) Night and throughout today. There were no incidents at all. Three cases of stray assault were, however, reported from the suburbs. Precautionary measures are being continued in the city and the suburbs."

Mr. R. Kasturiraha Chetty has been appointed Vice-Chancellor of the Mysore University. He was formerly Director of Public Instruction in Mysore and also acting Vice-Chancellor.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF JAIL FIRING DIES

Ten In A Serious Condition

MADRAS, Feb. 13, (PTI).

ONE more Communist prisoner has since died bringing the death-roll in the Salem Central Jail firing to 21, according to an official communique issued by the Madras Government this evening.

The number of injured prisoners is 103, of which ten are said to be in a "serious" condition, the communique stated.

Thirty-four members of the jail staff have also been injured. The condition of the Jailor is "precarious." while that of the Deputy Jailor and a warder is also reported "bad."

THE STORY

Giving an account of the circumstances leading to the opening of fire in the jail, the communique said: "In the annexe to the Central Jail, Salem, about 220 convicted Communist prisoners have been lodged. During the course of his supervision on the 11th February, the head warder instructed some of the Communist prisoners at about 12-45 p.m. to go to the workshop for their work and also insisted on their wearing their jail dress as usual including the cap and the breast ticket. Some of the prisoners refused to comply with his direction and stated that they would put on the jail dress only when they appeared before the Superintendent.

"Hearing this report, a reserve Deputy Jailor, Ayyavu Pillai, who happened to pass that way advised the prisoners to be more reasonable and to abide by the jail discipline, failing which he would be forced to take disciplinary action against them. The prisoners were in no mood to listen and were found to be taking up a defiant attitude. One of the convicts pull-

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 7)

THE CALF-LOVER SAYS HIS PIECE

"Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Khan seems to have forgotten that the matter is to be decided not by the comparative needs of India and Pakistan, but by the wishes of the people of Kashmir." — Mr. Benegal Narsing Rau at Lake Success.

WILL BOMBAY BE SHORT OF FOOD?

Mr. R. K. Patil Says, 'No': Mr. D. Desai Says, 'Yes'

BOMBAY, Monday.

WHILE Mr. R. K. Patil, Food Commissioner, Government of India stated in an interview this afternoon, that the 12 ozs. ration in Bombay, was more than adequate Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil supplies Minister, Government of Bombay, said a few minutes later to a group of pressmen who met him, that 12 ozs constituted the irreducible minimum and it was better not to have any rationing at all rather than cut it down still further.

Mr. R. K. Patil maintained that the half-million tons of foodgrains offered to Bombay, were quite enough to keep the present system of rationing going. He said that the reasons for the Centre's stand in the matter were:—

Last year the Province had 14 lakh tons for rationing, this quantum being made up of four lakhs which were procured from a production of 28 lakhs and ten lakhs centrally allocated.

This year the internal production was estimated at 32 lakh tons, which would yield six lakh tons in procurement, which with the Centre's allocation of half-million tons would be about 11 lakh tons. But, since over and above the increased procurement, more would be left over in the hands of producers, the demand on rations would be less to the extent of two lakh tons. Thus there would be a small difference of one lakh tons only.

CENTRE'S MATHEMATICS

When this logic was pointed out to Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies Minister, he said: "This is Centre's mathematics. I don't understand it." He added that the Government of Bombay had shown Mr. Patil the budgeted figures from month to month and how rationing would fail by August or September next, for by that time their stocks would be completely depleted.

He also doubted the exactness of the 32 lakh tons production, for the recent cold spell and frost might have

(Continued on Page 5, Col. 5)

'Coup' Plan In Iraq Fails

POLICE CHIEF ARRESTED

BAGDAD, Feb. 13.

ALI KHALID, Director-General of the Iraq police arrested at the week-end is to be tried on charges of attempting to overthrow or change the Government by force, it was disclosed today. If found guilty, he may be sentenced to death.

Bagdad was quiet today following the alleged attempt at a 'coup', said to have been staged after a Cabinet decision to transfer Ali Khalid to the governorship of the northern Iraq Province of Erbil.

Khalid is said to have telephoned Prime Minister Twafiq Suwaidi to protest against his transfer and to have threatened to use his 13 battalion mobile force to overthrow the Government if the decision was carried out.

After telephone consultations between leading members of the Cabinet, the Iraq Army was ordered to stand by and military observers were stationed at key points of the capital. An announcement here said that Khalid's attempt "failed to secure the support of his own forces" and he gave himself up.—(PTI-Reuter).

FOUR AND HALF P. C. LOAN TO BE REPAID

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13. (PTI): The Government of India have announced their intention of repaying the four and half per cent loan 1950/55, which was issued in 1940 as a counterpart of the four and a half per cent sterling loan 1950/55, when the sterling loan was in process of repatriation. The outstanding are about Rupees six and three-quarter crores and as it carries a hign rate of interest financial circles consider it economical to repay it at the earliest opportunity.

Similar action has been taken by Government in regard to the repayment of the small outstanding balance of the sterling loan, about a million odd, which could not be repatriated as it was held by non-residents.

Einstein Warns: H-Bomb Can Destro- All Life

ARMS RACE AN ILLUSION: PEACE MOVES URGED

NEW YORK, FEB. 13, (PTI-REUTER).

PROFESSOR ALBERT EINSTEIN WARNED THE WORLD LAST NIGHT THAT THE HYDROGEN BOMB COULD, IF DEVELOPED, ANNIHILATE ALL LIFE ON EARTH THROUGH RADIO-ACTIVE POISONING OF THE ATMOSPHERE.

He called the present armaments race between the United States and Soviet Russia a "disastrous illusion."

Urging peace moves, he said the first problem was to do away with mutual fear and distrust.

Professor Einstein, at 71 still one of the world's greatest thinkers, was speaking in a televised film from his home in Princeton, New Jersey.

Albert Einstein

"Radioactive poisoning of the atmosphere and hence the annihilation of life on earth has been brought within the range of technical possibility", he declared.

The arms race, though originally supposed to be a preventative measure had assumed a "hysterical character."

"In the end there beckons more and more clearly general annihilation.

WAY OUT?

"Is there any way out of this impasse created by man himself"? the Professor asked. "All of us, and particularly those who are responsible for the attitude of the United States and the USSR, should realise that we have vanquished an external enemy but have been incapable of getting rid of the mentality created by war.

"The leading point of view of all political action should therefore be: What can we do to bring about a peaceful co-existence and even more co-operation of the nations?"

IMPOSSIBLE

Prof. Einstein who was speaking last night on the first of a series of weekly television broadcasts introduced by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said peace was impossible as long as every single action was taken with a view to possible future conflict.

Other speakers included Mr. David Lilienthal, returing Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission and Senator Brian McMahon, Chairman of the Senate Atomic Energy Committee.

"The idea of achieving security through national armament at the present state of military technique is a disastrous illusion," he said.

"On the part of the United States this illusion has been particularly fostered by the fact that this country succeeded first in producing an atomic bomb.

"The maxim followed by the United States for the past five years has been in short "security through military power, whatever the cost."

"This mechanistic, technical-military psychological attitude has inevitable consequences," the Professor said.

The armament race between the United States and Soviet Russia, though originally supposed to be a preventative measure had "assumed a hysterical character.

"On both sides the means to mass destruction are perfected with feverish haste—behind the respective walls of secrecy.

"The H-bomb appears on the public horizon as a probably attainable goal.

"In the end there beckons more and more clearly general annihilation."

Extending Life Of PSM Act!

BILL FOR BOMBAY LEGISLATURE

BOMBAY, MONDAY.

A BILL seeking to amend the Bombay Security Measures Act, 1947 so as to bring it in conformity with the provisions of the Constitution of the Indian Republic as well as to extend its life for three years more will be brought before the coming session of the Bombay Legislature.

For bringing the Act in conformity with the Constitution of India, a review of detention cases by an Advisory Board has been provided for and communication of grounds to detained persons is made obligatory, among other adaptations which are technical.

The existing provisions of the Act regarding the control of essential services and the control of publications, etc., are also sought to be amended.

The extension of the life of the Act which was enacted to enable Government to deal effectively with breaches of the public peace and to prevent the breakdown in maintenance of essential services is found necessary because of the fact that unrest in the State which necessitated the passing of the measure in 1947, is not yet over though it has considerably changed its aspect and conditions have not sufficiently improved. The Act enacted in 1947 is due to expire next month.

The Bill has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, of February 13, 1950.

THIEF WON'T SPARE A PREMIER!

GAYA, Feb. 13.

IT is reported that Thakin Nu, Prime Minister of Burma, while travelling from Calcutta ot Bodh Gaya incognito by train at night was relieved of jewellery worth Rs. 15,000. The Burmese Premier was accompanied by five dadies occupying a first class compartment.

While lodging the first information report to the Gaya railway police, the Prime Minister of Burma stated that he had informed a railway man on duty at Asansol that the latch of his compartment was loose and it should be mended to enable him to close the door from inside. The same man met him at Dhanbad and Gomoh and proposed at the latter place to sleep on the floor of the compartment, but his offer was refused. When the train was about to reach Gaya it was noticed that the box containing the jewellery was removed by some one.

Thakin Nu suspected that the man in railway uniform to whom he had complained of the loose latch and who met him at intervals in course of his journey, might hav estolen the box containing jewellery.

World Bank Loan To Siam

BANGKOK, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter): The World Bank may lend Siam capital for an eight-year irrigation scheme and harbour improvements here to boost rice exports, according to a well-informed source today.

The World Bank Mission to Siam has found, after a six-week survey that Siam has "a basically sound economy with attractive possibilities for improvement".

Nigerian Factions Unite

LAGOS, (Nigeria), Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter): The two main political parties in Nigeria, both nationalist, are to join forces to fight for self-government.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

TRADE MARK NOTICE

IN THE MATTER OF TRADE MARKS ACT, 1940, AND ASSIGNMENT OF REGISTERED AND UNREGISTERED TRADE MARKS OTHERWISE THAN IN CONNECTION WITH THE GOODWILL OF THE BUSINESS.

Notice IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, that the Trade Marks, full particulars whereof are stated hereunder, registered in the name of E. D. SASSOON & CO., LTD., Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, were on the 30th day of December, one thousand nine hundred and forty-eight assigned by the registered proprietors, otherwise than in connection with the goodwill of the business in respect of goods for which the registered and unregistered trade marks, were used at the time of assignment to the **Edward Textiles, Ltd., Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estates, Bombay.**

Numerical Marks registered in Class 24 in respect of items of the Fifth Schedule of the Trade Marks Rules, 1942, of goods as of date and number as mentioned below:—

CLASS 24.

Registered on 18th June, 1942.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
B 5044	307	I	Grey Longcloth.
B 5498	1770	I	Do.
B 5608	2236	I	Do.
B 5611	2238	I	Do.
B 5746	3090	I	Do.
B 5865	3739	I	Grey Shirtings & Longcloth.
B 5871	3741	I	Do.
B 5929	3880	I	Grey Longcloth & Shirtings.
B 5956	3950	I	Grey Longcloth.
B 6088	4556	I	Do.
B 6103	4629	I	Grey Shirting & Longcloth.
B 6319	6070	I	Do.
B 6334	6160	I	Grey Longcloth.
B 6463	7070	I	Do.
B 6545	7777	I	Grey Shirtings & Longcloth.
B 6664	9090	I	Grey Longcloth.
B 6724	9646	I	Do.
B 6726	9696	I	Do.
B 6767	11114	I	Do.
B 6803	13500	I	Grey Shirtings & Longcloth.
B 6983	39079	I	Do.
B 7177	888888	I	Grey Longcloth.
B 7180	89046	I	Do.
B 7181	089089	I	Do.
B 7182	89089	I	Do.
B 7295	2246	I	Do.
B 7296	2646	I	Do.
B 7297	2746	I	Do.
B 7298	2846	I	Do.
B 7299	2946	I	Do.
B 7300	3046	I	Do.
B 7302	3146	I	Do.
B 7303	3246	I	Do.
B 7316	5290	I	Do.
B 7331	88888	I	Do.
B 5805	3401½	VIII	Grey Dhoties.
B 5806	3405½	VIII	Do.
B 6287	5952	VIII	Do.
B 6572	8138	VIII	Do.
B 6620	8805	VIII	Do.
B 6795	12507	VIII	Do.
B 6796	12508	VIII	Do.
B 6797	12509	VIII	Do.
B 6798	12510	VIII	Do.
B 6922	25036	VIII	Do.
B 7032	53001	VIII	Do.
B 7035	54001	VIII	Do.
B 7070	63001	VIII	Do.
B 7074	64001	VIII	Do.
B 7075	65001	VIII	Do.
B 7084	66001	VIII	Do.
B 5330	1072½	IX	Grey Sarees.
B 5388	1244	IX	Do.
B 5479	1655	IX	Do.
B 5499	1770	XI	Grey Jaconets, Jagannathi, Mulls and Mullmulls.
B 5609	2236	XI	Do.
B 5612	2238	XI	Do.
B 5745	3090	XI	Do.
B 5957	3950	XI	Do.
B 6089	4556	XI	Do.
B 6335	6160	XI	Do.
B 6464	7070	XI	Do.
B 7253	257120	XI	Do.
B 5563	2000	XVI	Bleached Longcloth.
B 5620	2288	XVI	Bleached Shirtings & Longcloth.
B 5802	3388	XVI	Do.
B 6050	4400	XVI	Bleached Longcloth.
B 6207	5401	XVI	Do.
B 5564	2000	XXII	Bleached Jaconets, Mulls & Nainsooks.
B 6051	4400	XXII	Do.
B 6208	5401	XXII	Do.

Numerical Mark Registered on 4—7—1944.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
97581	4241	I	Leopard cloth.

Numerical Mark Registered on 10—8—1942.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
B 40643	444440	I	Grey Longcloth and Shirtings.

Numerical Marks Registered on 11—8—1944.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
100165	4041	I	Grey Shirting.
100171	5688	I	Do.
100178	11132	I	Do.
100179	11136	I	Do.
100180	11138	I	Do.
100181	11140	I	Do.
100182	11142	I	Do.
100188	37079	I	Do.

Numerical Marks Registered on 25—8—1944.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
100571	24039	I	Grey Longcloth.
100573	26039	I	Do.
100574	32039	I	Do.
100575	40035	I	Do.
100576	40038	I	Do.
100577	42035	I	Do.
100578	42038	I	Do.
100579	42045	I	Do.
100580	44038	I	Do.

Numerical Marks Registered on 22—2—1945.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
106350	2365	I	Grey Shirtings.
106354	3940	I	Do.
106380	5101	VIII	Grey Dhoties.
106381	5102	VIII	Do.
106382	5201	VIII	Do.
106383	5202	VIII	Do.
106384	5701	VIII	Do.
106385	5702	VIII	Do.
106386	6150½	VIII	Do.
106387	6250½	VIII	Do.

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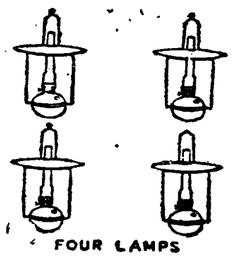

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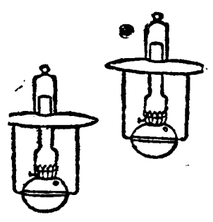
No. B 7539

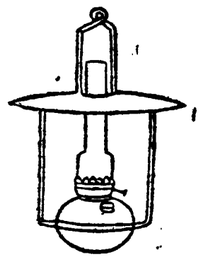
Date of Registration 19—6—1942.



TWO LAMPS

No. B 7544

Date of Registration 19—6—1942.

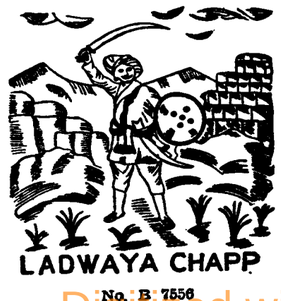


No. B 7545

Date of Registration 19—6—1942.

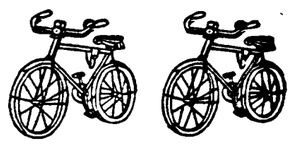
No. B 7550

Date of Registration 19—6—1942.



No. B 7556

Date of Registration 19—6—1942.



TWO BICYCLES

No. B 16289

Date of Registration 25—6—1942.

FOUR BICYCLES

No. B 16290

Date of Registration 25—6—1942.

THREE BICYCLES

No. B 16291

Date of Registration 25—6—1942.

No. B 16293

Date of Registration 25—6—1942.

No. B 24933 (1)

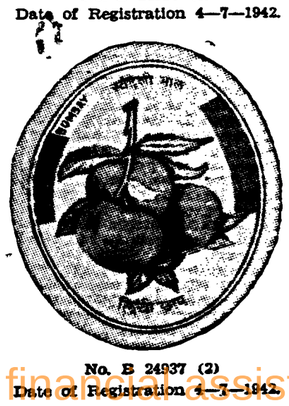
Date of Registration 4—7—1942.

No. B 24933 (2)

Date of Registration 4—7—1942.

No. B 24937 (1)

Date of Registration 4—7—1942.



No. B 24937 (2)

Date of Registration 4—7—1942.

PUBLIC NOTICES

No. B 24937 (3)

Date of Registration 4—7—1942.

No. B 24937 (4)

Date of Registration 4—7—1942.

No. B 25171

Date of Registration 8—7—1942.

No. B 27162

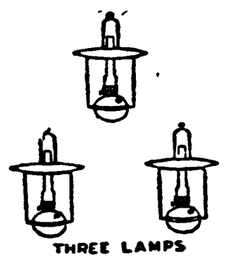
Date of Registration 15—7—1942.

No. B 27166

Date of Registration 15—7—1942.

No. B 27171

Date of Registration 15—7—1942.



No. B 27175

Date of Registration 15—7—1942.

No. B 27176

Date of Registration 15—7—1942.

No. B 28833

Date of Registration 20—7—1942.

No. B 31060

Date of Registration 25—7—1942.

Applied for Registration on 18—6—1942

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
B 5402	1290	I	Grey Shirtings & Longcloth.
B 5415	1322	I	Do.
B 5425	1370	I	Grey Longcloth & Shirtings.
B 5427	1390	I	Grey Shirtings & Longcloth.
B 5439	1490	I	Do.
B 5592	2190	I	Do.
B 5621	2290	I	Do.
B 5778	3290	I	Do.
B 5857	3690	I	Do.
B 5870	3740	I	Do.
B 6980	38039	I	Do.
B 6991	41035½	I	Grey Longcloth.
B 6999	43035½	I	Do.
B 7036	54005	VIII	Grey Dhoties.
B 7048	56001	VIII	Do.
B 7062	59001	VIII	Do.
B 7067	62001	VIII	Do.
B 7091	68001	VIII	Do.
B 7255	540010	VIII	Do.

Applied for Registration on 4—7—1944.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
97587	4261	I	Leopard Cloth.

Applied for Registration on 11—8—1944.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
100152	407	I	Grey Shirting.
100161	3588	I	Do.
100177	10055	I	Do.
100184	13700	I	Do.
100185	13900	I	Do.
100186	14100	I	Do.
100187	15075	I	Do.

Applied for Registration on 25—8—1944.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
100572	26038	I	Grey.
100582	257120	I	Longcloth. Do.

Applied for Registration on 22—2—1945.

CLASS 24.

Application No.	Trade Mark.	Item No.	Description of goods.
106364	1537	I	Grey Shirtings.
106395	8554	IX	Grey Sarees.
106396	8556	IX	Do.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
(VAITARNA-CUM-TANSA SCHEME)

TENDER NOTICE.

BY ORDER of the Municipal Commissioner, the Special Engineer invites sealed tenders for "the work of formation for the 96" diam. Pipe Line and Road from Tunnel Face No. 6 to Tansa Mains at 0 Mile and 4 Furlongs" (Tender No. 26).

Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed to the Municipal Commissioner, superscribed "Tender for the work of formation for the 96" diam. pipe line etc." and delivered at the Municipal Chief Accountant's office ON WEDNESDAY THE 15TH DAY OF MARCH 1950 NOT LATER THAN 1.00 P.M. (B.T.)

Forms of tender specifications, plans etc. will be available at the office of the Special Engineer, Municipal Head Office, Bombay 1, at Rs. 25|- per copy, not refundable. Forms will not be sent by post.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender. (7141)

COORG FOREST DEPARTMENT
SALE NOTICE.

Mercara, the 5th February, 1950.

THIS DEPARTMENT has some 12 Elephants For Sale. More are being captured. Interested parties may see the animals and purchase by negotiation.

C. M. KUSHALAPPA,
Chief Forest Officer, Coorg. (7147)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificates for 10 Shares of Ahmedabad Electric City Company, Ltd. Nos. 507135 and 146286 to 90, standing in the names of Mrs. Pushpavati Harilal Shah and Harilal Amarchand Shah have been LOST. The public are hereby warned not to deal with the above-mentioned shares in any way but to inform the undersigned immediately.

H. A. SHAH,
Income-Tax Officer,
AHMEDABAD. (7143)

THE BOMBAY DYEING & MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 13th March, 1950, to THURSDAY, the 30th March, 1950, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
For Nowrosjee Wadia & Sons. Ltd.,
NEVILLE N. WADIA,
Director,
Agents.

Neville House,
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 10th February, 1950. (7140)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 1-4-1950 for post of ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, VOCATIONAL TRAINING CENTRE, KALYAN RELIEF CAMPS. Other things being equal, Backward Class candidates will be preferred. PAY: Rs. 500-1100 PLUS Rs. 100 - conveyance allowance, dearness and other allowances and free furnished quarters. Higher starting pay up to Rs. 800'- may be allowed. QUALIFICATIONS:—Degree in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering preferably, in First or Second Class AND experience of setting up and running workshops and or factories and in labour management. AGE:—Not more than 40 years on 1-7-1950, relaxable in case of candidates with exceptional qualifications and experience. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1 - payable to "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. (7142)

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.

Short Cause Suit No. 560 of 1949.

NANJI SOJPAL.. .. .. ..Plaintiff.
vs.
HAJI HASHAM SULEMAN MISTRY & others..Defendants
To
HAJI HASHAM SULEMAN,
The 1st defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff has filed this suit to recover from the Defendants the sum of Rs. 15,000 - being the amount paid as earnest, with interest at six per cent per annum from 24th June, 1948, till judgment and costs charges and expenses of the agreement for sale, dated 24th June, 1948, of the immovable property, situate on the West side of Parel Road, opposite to Sir J. J. Hospital and interest on judgment, costs of the suit and interest on judgment till payment and for a declaration that the said Wakf property particularly described in Ex. B. to the Plaint is charged in favour of the Plaintiff with payment of the said sum of Rs. 15 000 -. interest as aforesaid, costs charges and expenses decreed under prayers (a) and (b) hereof and that in default of the defendants in paying the said sum decreed under prayers (a) and (b) hereof by a date to be fixed by this Hon'ble Court, the said Wakf property, particularly described in Ex. B. be sold by and under the directions of this Hon'ble Court and the net sale proceeds thereof be applied towards payment of the said sums decreed and for further and other relief AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that 14th March, 1950, has been fixed for the hearing and final disposal of this suit as a short cause AND PLEASE ALSO TAKE NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the said day with all relevant documents the suit will be heard and determined ex parte. Bombay dated this 12th day of May, 1949.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR,
For Prothonotary
and Senior Master.

Messrs. AMIN DESAI,
and NANAVATI,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

(7146)

(For Further Notices See Page 2.)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay invites Tenders upto 15.00 hours on MONDAY THE 6TH MARCH 1950 for cropping and drilling of 36' long 100 lbs. and 88½ lbs. B.H. rails. The form of Tender Schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 4|- per set which will not be refunded.

Tenders will be opened at 16.00 hours (S.T.) on Monday the 6th March 1950.

(7331)

Cossor
BRITISH Radio SETS
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE WHOLE OF INDIA
Indo-British Corporation
26-F, CONNAUGHT PLACE, NEW DELHI.

NOW MORE THAN EVER
EVERY HOUSEWIFE USES

RED INDIAN
PHENYLE
(with D.D.T., & Pyrethrum)
BECAUSE IT KILLS COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS & OTHER INSECTS.
YOUR Nearest Shop can supply you or ask for Stocks with:
Messrs. ITRACO LIMITED
ALICE BUILDING,
339, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

CASPIN
For all Pains
BENGAL CHEMICAL

Tomorrow at 3-30 p.m.
YOUNG ONE'S POSER
About his CHOICE — Gives One Choicest
Comedy of the DAY
PRAKASH Pictures.

SHADI-KI-RAAT
GEETA BALI, REHMAN, VIJAYALAXMI, AROON
Director: YESHWANT PETKAR
Music: PT. GOBINDRAM
From WED. 15th
SUPER
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 5-30 to 7
AN EVERGREEN Release

Markel Lights
MARKEL & COMPANY
SANDHURST ROAD
BOMBAY
PHONE——41603

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Magh Vad 13, 2006.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 26, 1369.
Parsi: Shehrever 15, 1319.
Sunrise 7-8 a.m., Sunset 6-39 p.m.
Hightide 10-13, 23-26. Lowtide 05-05, 16-22.

Today's Engagements

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: A lecture on "The Soul of Indian Art" by Rukmini Devi at the Town Hall at 6 p.m.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY: Air Commodore Sir Frank Whittle will speak on "Jet Propulsion" at the Green's, 1-45 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Lecture on "Zanoni—the trails of occult life" at 6-15 p.m. at the Jehangir Wadia Bldg., Flora Fountain.

SOCIETY OF HONORARY PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES: Tea party to meet the Governor of Bombay at the Governor's Pavilion, C. C. I., at 5-30 p.m.

BRITISH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS CORPORATION: A short on "Jet Propulsion" by Air Commodore Sir Frank Whittle at the C. J. Hall, 6 p.m.

ESPLANADE HIGH SCHOOL: The prize distribution day at the Royal Opera House, 9 a.m. Mr. F. T. Khorakiwalla will preside.

ALL-INDIA IMPORTERS' ASSOCIATION: Fourth Annual General Meeting in the rooms of the Association, 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIM: Lecture by Prof. M. H. Stone, Head of the Department of Mathematics, University of Chicago at the Royal Institute of Science at 4-30 p.m.

J. KRISHNAMURTI: Discourses every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday. Place: Sunderabai Hall Terrace, Queens Road. Time: 6 p.m.

Disputes For Adjudication

BOMBAY, Monday

The industrial disputes between the Globe Theatres Ltd., Bombay, the Amalgamated Chemicals and Dyestuffs Company, Ltd., Bombay and the Bombay Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., Bombay and the workmen employed under them, have been referred by the Government of Bombay, for adjudication, to the Industrial Tribunals of Mr. M. C. Shah, Mr. I. G. Thakore and Mr. P. S. Bakhle, respectively.

Seva Dal Patrika

BOMBAY, Monday: The February issue of the "Seva Dal Patrika", the official organ of Congress Seva Dal, has been delayed due to unavoidable circumstances and will be out on or about February 20.

Shri S. K. Patil For Delhi

Shri S. K. Patil, President, B.P.C.C. will leave for New Delhi in the afternoon of Wednesday, February 15th, to attend the meeting of the Working Committee which will be held in Delhi, on February 16 and 17.

He will later attend the session of the A. I. C. C. which starts on February 18. He will return to the City on February 20.

Call Of Duty And Discipline

BOMBAY, Monday.

"Every citizen of free Bharat should be well-disciplined and should be imbibed with that sense of duty which would enable him to shoulder the many responsibilities awaiting under the present set up. This could be achieved by training our population in a systematic and disciplined manner", said Shri S. L. Silam, inaugurating the new Wing of Tarun Bharat Gymnasium at Worli, on Sunday, February 12, evening.

I. A. F. Spitfire Forcelands

BOMBAY, Monday (UPI): An Indian Air Force "Spitfire" aircraft which took off from New Delhi this morning for Bangalore force-landed on the Nandi Hills, 15 miles north of Nandi, near Bangalore, this afternoon, it was learnt here today.

Flying Officer Dandekar is the sole occupant of the aircraft. Details of force-landing are not yet available but rescue and search parties who arrived on the scene are reported to have informed the aviation authorities that the force-landing was "good and smart".

Inter-Collegiate Cultural Contest

BOMBAY, Monday: Under the auspices of the Regional Preparatory Committee for the National Union of Students, an Inter-Collegiate Cultural Contest will be held on Wednesday the 15th February, 1950 at 9 a.m. at the Excelsior-Theatre.

The items of the contest includes one-Act Plays, Dance-Tableau, Drama, Skit etc. Apart from the entries from Colleges for the Trophy (S.T. Jain Trophy) there will be individual performances by the talented collegians. One of the features of the contest is the "Wit Competition" which will be open to the audience, a prize being awarded to the best answer.

Every effort is being made by the Committee to make the Contest a success and famous Cinema and Film Stars like Manmohan and others will delight the audience by their performances. Dev Anand, one of the famous Actors, Raj Kapoor the increasingly popular star and others have also consented to attend the function. The row of judges will be honoured by Smt. Hima Kesarchodi, Sjt. D. N. Madhok, David and Prof. Deodhar.

Bombay Determined To Enforce Prohibition

PATIL'S REPLY TO MR. REDDI'S "WARNING"

BOMBAY, Monday.

"Bombay needs no warning with regard to its prohibition policy and the Government of Bombay is determined to go ahead and attain its goal of complete prohibition," observed Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Prohibition, Government of Bombay, to a group of Bombay Pressmen, who drew his attention to a "warning" to the Government of Bombay, by Mr. Timma Reddi, Vice-President, Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, who is reported to have categorically stated at a public meeting that in Madras Prohibition had failed totally and the "drinking habit had increased" there.

Mr. Reddi was reported as having said in the presence of Mr. Prakasam, Former Premier of Madras and a big gathering "that everyone including Congressmen, Congress Legislators and Congress Ministers had confessed to its failure in private, but on the floor of the Legislature they were afraid to own it and spoke to the contrary".

Mr. Reddi also warned the Government of Bombay to learn from the mistakes of Madras so that they would not repeat the same "mistake".

Mr. Patil pulled out the Government of Madras' Republic Day Publication from his shelf and quoted from it the words of Mr. P. S. Kumaraswamy Raja in which he states that Prohibition had succeeded in Madras because it had the whole-hearted support of the people of Madras, even addicts proving amenable to the reform as days passed.

Mr. Patil stated that the Government of Bombay had learnt many useful things from the progress of Prohibition in Madras and he hoped that what they were doing here would be encouraging to Madras also.

LEVY OF CESS ON EDUCATION

Instructions To Municipalities

BOMBAY, Monday.

A press note says:—

Municipalities have been advised by the Government of Bombay not to consolidate an educational cess with other taxes in future, as it is not legal to do so. Sometime back, it had advised them to levy a consolidated tax on buildings and lands of not less than 20 per cent. of their letting value or 1.5 per cent. of their capital value in lieu of the house-tax, general sanitary cess, general water rate, lighting tax and educational cess. New instructions were issued after the legal position had been realised.

If any Municipality is already levying an educational cess or decides to levy such a cess as a separate tax, the total incidence of the consolidated tax and the educational cess, or the four other taxes mentioned above and the educational cess, should not be below the standard prescribed.

FREE TOOLS TO GROW MORE FOOD

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Agricultural Department has been authorised by the Government of Bombay to supply free of cost hand implements, manures and seeds to secondary schools primary schools and training colleges for primary school teachers, both Government and private, to the extent of the value of Rs. 100|- per institution, subject to a maximum of Rs. 3,000|- during the period February, 1950 to the end of February, 1951.

The institutions will return the implements given to them free of cost by the Agricultural Department as soon as possible after February 28, 1951.

PUBLISH FOOD STATISTICS

Mr. G.V. Puranik's Call To Government

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. G. V. Puranik, President of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, urged the Government of Bombay today to publish an authoritative brochure giving the results of the Grow More Food campaign during the last six years.

Speaking at a quarterly general meeting of the Chamber Mr. Puranik said that the brochure should state year by year the total acreage under the principal foodgrains, the quantity of these grains produced and the quantity imported, and the estimated needs both in rationed and non-rationed areas.

It should also specify additional acreage put into cultivation each year and the expenses incurred in respect of the additional irrigation facilities provided and the supply of seed and manure to the farmer.

"I hope the Government of Bombay will act on this suggestion and give a lead to all other States and to the centre in this direction", Mr. Puranik said.

RAISE RETAILERS MARGIN IN CLOTH

Deputation Waits On Minister

BOMBAY, Monday.

A deputation on behalf of the Federation of Bombay Retail Cloth Dealers' Associations waited on Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies' Minister, at the Secretariat today on behalf of the 2,000 members of the Federation.

The deputation urged on the Minister that the maximum retail price of cloth over ex-mill price should be raised by 14 per cent and that excise duty on cloth should be removed so that to that extent consumers will pay less. They also asked that some scheme should be devised so that retailers can buy from the two-thirds production earmarked for States without going to the wholesalers.

They complained that the Government of India was "showing of late a tendency to pamper millowners, though they exploited the situation created by the war, regardless of national interests".

The points stressed by the deputationists have already been submitted by them as a memorandum to the Government of India.

The Minister stated that he would consider the points raised.

In Aid Of Parsi Welfare Centre

BOMBAY, Monday.

The musical Comedy "Copacabana" featuring Groucho Marx and Carmen Miranda, will be shown at the Central Cinema (Girgaum) on the morning of Sunday, February 26: The proceeds of the show will go to the funds of the Gowalia Tank Road Parsi welfare centre which is catering to the needs of the poor of the community.

The Pulse Of The City

ROUNDED UP: The Nagpada Police have rounded up seven persons said to be a gang of house-breakers, whose latest activity is reported to be the theft of hardware stores from a godown in Nagdevi Street. Police who produced them before a Presidency Magistrate said the goods had been dumped in the Jewish cemetery at the Northbrook Gardens. Twenty cases valued at Rs. 1,800 have been recovered. The accused were remanded to police custody.

MODUS OPERANDI: That proved to be his undoing. Gopala Nagappa Malikarjun, it is said, went to a chemist's firm and said he was the representative of a firm of Pharmaceuticals. He placed orders for goods worth Rs. 425 and paid for it in the form of a cheque. The chemist found later on that the cheque was a forged one and that the firm concerned had not engaged him. The police were informed who asked other chemists to be on the look-out for a similar trick. It happened as they expected, and it is said that Gopal was arrested redhanded. The accused was released on bail when placed before a magistrate.

RESCUED: Police raided a well-furnished flat at Bhoiwada, Bhuleshwar and rescued two girls suspected to have been used for immoral purposes. Police acted on information and sent a bogus customer with marked currency notes. They subsequently arrested R. A. Agarwal and H. Rajput.

SENTENCED: Fiada Hussein Sabir Ahmed, proprietor of the Noor Mohamed Bakery, Kurla, was sentenced to four months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 on a charge of preparing biscuits out of wheat flour. The C.I.D. had raided his bakery earlier when they seized 18 trays of butter biscuits prepared out of wheat flour and 20 trays of half-baked biscuits. A servant who was charged with abetting got a day's S.I. and a fine of Rs. 200.

ARRESTED: Twenty persons were arrested by the Mahim police yesterday on a charge of gambling. Police who raided a room at Bhoj Raj Chawls in Kalachowki seized two packs of cards and Rs. 969 from the room.

STARRED NEWS: Pramila alias Esther Kumar, a film star and producer was charged with accepting a pugree of Rs 4,500 for a flat in her newly constructed building at Shivaji Park. The prospective customer informed the police who sent him with marked currency notes. It is said that the money was received by the father of the star, Reuben Abraham, who was also arrested. Their bail period was extended.

TEMPERATURES WILL RISE

All-India Weather

POONA, Feb. 13, (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Monday.

Temperatures have risen over the whole country. But night temperatures are still near or below freezing point in North Rajasthan and neighbourhood and 10 to 15 degrees F. below normal in the central parts of the country. Chota Nagpur, West Bengal and Orissa.

Weather has been mainly dry over the country.

Forecast valid until Tuesday evening: Dry weather will continue except for isolated light showers in Upper Assam. Temperatures will rise over the country except in West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces and the southern half of the peninsula.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st December 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 a.m. IST on 13th February 1950.—

Ahmedabad 80 52 0 0 minus 9.1, Allahabad 68 42 0 1.0 minus 0.5, Bangalore 84 62 0 0 minus 0.7, Baroda 82 49 0 0 minus 0.1, Bhavnagar 79 45 0 0 minus 0.2, Bhopal 73 40 0 0 minus 0.2, Bhuj 75 45 0 0 minus 0.3, BOMBAY 85 65 0 0 minus 0.3, Cherrapunji 55 33 0 3.2 plus 1.5, Darjiling 42 27 0 1.6 plus 0, Gulbarga 87 56 0 0 minus 0.5, Gwalior 67 40 0 0.1 —, Hanam Konda — 55 0 0 minus 0.9, Hyderabad Dn. 85 55 0 0 minus 0.7, Indore 73 41 0 0 minus 0.5, Jaipur 66 35 0 0 minus 0.8, Jubbulpore 74 37 0 0 minus 1.6, Kanpur 67 36 0 0.6 minus 0.6, Khandwa 78 43 0 0 minus 0.7, Kodaikanal 64 45 0 0.4 minus 3.2, Kurnool 91 62 0 0 minus 0.5, Mahabaleshwar 73 55 0 0 minus 0.5, Mangalore 87 73 0 0 minus 0.6, Mussoorie 44 32 0 5.7 minus 0.8, Mysore 88 64 0 0 minus 0.6, Ootacamund 68 37 0 0 minus 3.1, Pachmarhi 68 36 0 0.1 minus 1.—, Patiala 59 39 0 2.9 —, Poona 88 49 0 0 minus 0.3, Rajkot 78 47 0 0 minus 0.2, Shillong 56 27 0. 1.6 plus 0.6, Sholapur 88 55 0 0 minus 0.6, Simla 43 27 0 7.3 plus 2.1, Surat 88 51 0 0 minus 0.3.

TODAY'S RADIO

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14

Air News From Delhi

English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m., 6, 9; Gujarati 8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m 1-40 p.m. 6-10, 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m. 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m.; Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m. 7-15 p.m.; Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee 7-35 Physical education 7-40 Today's programme 7-45 S. Vyas G geet 8-15 N. A. Daggar bhairon 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari 12-50 A. Dave G geet 1-40 Czech Phil. Orch., "Dvorak" 5 Hindi by radio 5-20 D. Parvatkar sarangi 6-10 A. Dave ghazal 6-20 S. R. Naik vocal 6-30 N. A. Daggar purvi 7 Day's topic 7-10 Locals 7-20 Mai Nawabja vocal 7-30 S. R. Naik vocal 7-45 For industrial workers 8-45 "Nagarik & Molol bhoot hakko" G talk 9-15 S. Vyas G geet 9-30 Film song 10 Murzban's Something in Air 10-30 Joan Hague, crooner 10-45 Max Lichtegg tenor.

VARIATIONS—8 a.m. D. Parwatkar sarangi 8-45 S. P. Mohile bhavgeet 1 p.m. S. P. Mohile bhavgeet 1-10 Bhajan powada, lavani 1-50 Variety 5 Hindi by radio 5-30 For children H.U. 6 Tarabai Gadagkar K songs 6-20 For rural listeners 7-30 Commercial news 8-15 String quartet 8-30 C. V. Joshi "Pantoji" talk M 9 N. A. Daggar bihag 10 Brains Trust M 10-30 Tarabai Gadagkar paraj.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. As in Ahmedabad 7-40 Physical education 7-45 As in Ahmedabad 8-15 R. Thakore bhairav 5-30 p.m. G. P. Sharma kh. bhimpalasi 5-45 K. Shah violin 6-10 Hindi lessons 6-30 For rural listeners 7 Geet Sudha 7-15 G. P. Sharma kh. puria 7-30 K. Shah violin 7-45 A. Modi bhajan 8 Geet pallavi 8-10 Locals 8-30 R. Thakore thumri, kafi 8-45 H. P. Divetia E talk "Case for regional University" 9-30 L. G. Bhagwat's play "Nirmalya". M.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Vandana 7-40 Physical education 7-45 A. Alvi kerhawa dadra 8-15 As in Baroda 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-10 Hindi lessons 6-30 P. Manganlal tabla 6-45 A. Alvi khamaj 7 Listeners' requests 7-30 For Industrial workers 8 P. Maganlal tabla 8-10 Locals 8-30 As in Baroda 8-45 H. P. Divetia's E talk "Case for regional University" 9-30 P. Maganlal tabla 9-45 A. Alvi ghazals.

B. B. C.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE:— 6-45 a.m. Science Review 7 Marcel Dupre 7-30 The Riddle of the Sands 8 Three's Company 8-15 Commonwealth Survey 8-45 Sweet Serenade 9-40 Programme Parade 10 G. W. S. Mancnester Band 10-30 Ulster Magazine 11 Sports Review 11-15 Listeners' Choice 11-45 Music from the Movies 12-45 p.m. Programme Parade 1 The Storyteller 1-15 Light Music 1-30 Henry Hall's Guest Night 2-30 Listeners' Choice 3 BBC Opera Orchestra 3-45 Letter from America 4 Cecil Norman and the Rhythem Players 4-45 BBC Northern Ireland Light Orchestra 5-15 Generally Speaking 5-45 Souvenirs of Music 6-45 Michael Krein Saxophone Quartet 7 The Women's programme 7-45 Devon 8-45 Cyril Preddy 9-15 Report from Britain 9-45 Accordeon Interlude 10 Tip-Top Tunes 10-30 On the Job.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 Sandesaya 7-45 The News and the News Talk 8 Aj Ka Khel 8-30 Indr Dhanush 8-45 Karawan.

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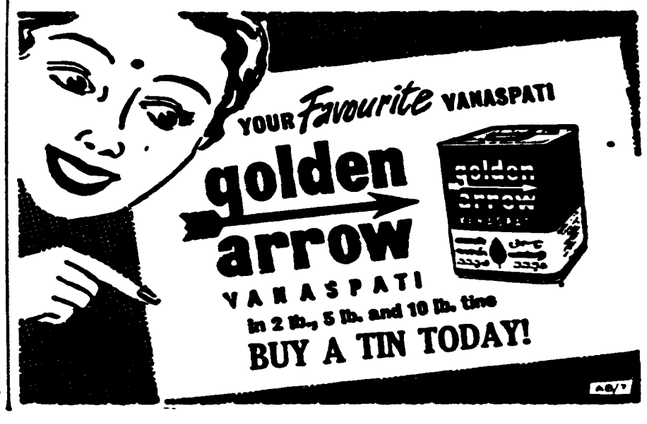

The Bombay Chronicle

TURN OF THE TIDE ?

"Pakistan has created a situation and an atmosphere in which a plebiscite or referendum is not possible at the present moment. Pakistan has neither moral nor legal claim to be within our territory. So, unless Pakistan withdraws from the territory of Jammu and Kashmir and unless the entire Jammu and Kashmir territory reverts to the lawful Government, no plebiscite is possible there. After all referendum is our internal problem and Pakistan has nothing to do with," In these clear sentences, Sheikh Abdullah, the Prime Minister of Kashmir, gave the pith of the Kashmir situation to a Madras audience. The Government of India, when it declared that it would leave the accession of Kashmir to be definitely indicated by the Kashmir people in a free and fair plebiscite, meant very precisely that the accession by the ruler was recognized but that India would implement if after public opinion had declared itself behind the Maharaja's and Sheikh Abdullah's decision. It meant that the accession could be overturned, but only by the people of Kashmir acting without outside compulsion. It has been misunderstood by Pakistan to indicate that any free-booter gang could set about creating trouble for Kashmir and troubling the State Government by lawless activities; Pakistan failed to coerce Kashmir, it is seeking to destroy the Kashmir people by a campaign of terrorism, by instigating "Azad Kashmir Government" and controlling and organising the forces of "Azad Kashmir", and by wide misrepresentation of the basis of partition. The partition is represented as a partition on the basis of religion. Sheikh Abdullah challenged this view and said it was a political not a religious or communal division. He might well have explained it better though his meaning is quite clear. For Pakistan, it was a religious division; let us face this fact squarely. The setting up of Pakistan was the result of Mr. Jinnah's insistence that Muslims could not live in a United India; its territorial boundaries were determined by the British feeling that it would be equally wrong to ask Hindus to live under Muslim rule. The decision taken by Pakistan to become an Islamic State set the final seal on this religious division. So far as India is concerned, we have not discarded responsibility for our Muslim citizens, nor have we declared that our non-Muslim co-religionists in Pakistan are our special care. On the contrary we recognize very clearly that over the minority in Pakistan our Government has no jurisdiction. It is because of this difference in attitude that there has been misunderstanding over Kashmir. The Kashmir State has indicated time and again that its people are not in favour of an Islamic State but of a secular State. This places Kashmir alongside of the Indian Republic rather than with the Pakistan State. After all, it is not what Pakistan thinks or India thinks which must decide but what the people of Kashmir think.

Sheikh Abdullah has categorically declared that Pakistan has no concern in the plebiscite and that India's purpose is to see that Kashmiri freedom of expression is not hindered and obstructed. For this, it is essential that the Pakistan influence over Kashmir should be lifted and its menace removed completely. The statements of Pakistan spokesmen that Pakistan requires Kashmir and that no soil of Pakistan can be overrun by enemies, are all so much patriotic hysteria that deceives no one and impresses no one. There is a hint in the Kashmir Leader's southern speeches that this obstruction of the free will of the Kashmir people will not be suffered always. This is exactly the view that we have been urging. And it is the straight solution to the Kashmir issue, needlessly complicated by the procrastinations and deviations of the United Nations. The U.N. has gone as far as any international organisation could go towards stultifying itself and it has encouraged Pakistan by its inaction into fresh and more audacious assertions. It can turn its past weakness into present strength if even now it acts on the admissions of the Pakistan Government. If it fails to do this, obvious as it is, is India which rushed to the help of Kashmir on the call for succour, which respected the wishes of the Kashmir people by refusing to pursue a policy of forcing a decision, now to sit back patiently and watch Pakistan and the U. N. clumsily harassing the Kashmiris and stifling their free expression of views? The same consideration that moved India to take up the cause of the Kashmir people, both during the hard struggle against the exactions of an autocratic ruler and now in the resistance, now requires her to end the present stalemate by implementing the accession.

Bullion Trading

It is time that the Bombay Government looks into the present working of the Bullion Exchange as it functions under Government recognition. It is a known fact that there are no imports of gold or silver in this country and there is no need for any hedging facilities. However, the Government with good intentions provided forward trading facilities in the city of Bombay as in other parts of the country forward business continued on a large scale, there being no unitary control in India. But the present working of the market clearly indicates that some financially strong parties are manipulating the market and pushing up prices as they know that no tenders are likely and the game becomes an easy one with very little risk. After the suspension of Hyderabad silver sales by the Reserve Bank, these professional operators are indulging into excessive speculative activity and pushing up prices to higher levels. Against this anti-social activity, the Board of the Bullion Exchange adopted a system of margins to check this gambling mania. These operators being financially strong parties find it very easy to pay in the required margin and pursue their game. On the other side the Government is making all efforts to bring down the general price level in this country but these traders, whose main object is to earn huge profits, disregard all this. Thus those who are engaged in such anti-social activities, need a severe lesson to make them realise that they cannot exploit the public for personal gains. These operators know very well that during the marriage season in this country there is always a demand for gold and silver and they can show the existence of a bonafide demand but with the people it is not a question of buying for the sake of buying but as it is an ancient custom to prepare ornaments at the time of marriage, they have to buy the precious metal regardless of its price. It is against this public, professional operators are banking and punish short sellers. But the damage is done and any Government move to fix prices now will be an easy opportunity to these gamblers to reap full profits. Thus any move to suspend trading or fix prices will amount to playing into the hands of the operators. The only way now open is to call for 100 per cent margin and at the same time to call upon these operators to prove their bonafide need for accumulation of forward purchases. When the Reserve Bank was offering gold at Rs. 114/8, these operators did not come forward to secure their requirements as they had no interest in cash market. Spot quotations are much below forward quotations indicating unhealthy state of the market. After devaluation. London prices are stationary but this country provides a free market and professional operators are exploiting the situation to the fullest extent. However, if circumstances need any fixing of prices, full consideration should be given to anti-social activities and such low rates for the settlement of forward business should be fixed as to teach a lesson to them.

A Two-Year Plan ?

Speaking at a Journalist School which has a five-year course for aspiring journalists, Mr. Morarji Desai, our Home Minister, remarked that if he entered the profession, "he was sure he would make a name within two years". This was hardly a compliment to the School but Mr. Morarji recognizes, we are sure, that more normal journalistic training calls for longer time. Besides, it is not improper, we hope, to remark that nearly four years as Home Minister would be an excellent preliminary for journalistic training and should cut down the schedule of studies by even more than three-fifths. But there is another point of view which Mr. Morarji Desai has completely lost because of his outside view of journalism and journalists: As a profession, we are not interested in "making a name" —that is, the better class of journalists Just as Mr. Morarji wanted journalists not to seek money at all costs, good journalists would ask young entrants into the profession not to hanker for "making a name". Mr. Morarji's slant arises from too much concentration on politics, where one must make a name and that too in as short a time as possible. (Moreover, this would also explain the "two years" which is a temporal compulsion almost peculiar to politics). We venture the prophecy that, if Mr. Morarji entered the profession and did "make a name within two years", he would be heartily despised by the man who now is Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister; we should be surprised indeed if he were not publicly reprimanded and his newspaper told to become respectable and more akin to the kind of journalism pursued by Mahatma Gandhi. Much more to the point was Mr. Morarji Desai in his remarks on the necessity for journalists to abstain from party politics In the days of foreign rule it was different though even then it was desirable for a journalist who valued his independence of judgment to keep away from political parties But now it is imperative that freedom of comment should not be bartered for the doubtful privilege of being a party-man.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

NEW DELHI, February 12: Prof. Shibbanlal Saksena, President of the U.P. and Bihar Chini Mill Mazdoor Federation and a member of Parliament, said in a statement here that he would go on a fast from February 18, as the Uttar Pradesh Government had failed to implement the recommendations made by the Congress President to the U.P. Premier in April last year to resolve the sugar workers' dispute.

This was a "recommencement" of his last year's fast to resolve the dispute, which he had "suspended" on February 2 on the personal intervention of the Congress President, Prof. Saxena added.

* *

Apropos of the Kashmir dispute, the impression in U.N. circles, after the speeches of Mr. Rau and Sir Zafrullah, was, the PTI reports, that the Council, especially in the absence of the Soviet delegate, would be in no mood to take precipitate action. One widely current view was that the Council might delay coming to closer grips with the Kashmir question for some time.

We share that view and we invite U.N. circles to share our further view that in the meantime something like a combination U.N. Kashmir Commission and General McNaughton might be commissioned to achieve a-er-further improvement on the last formula.

* *

At a journalistic function the other day in Matunga, Mr. Morarji Desai advised journalists not only to "diagnose the disease, but also prescribe the cure."

With pleasure.

But, by the way, that would be politics, wouldn't it?

* *

The South African Minister of the Interior, Dr. T. E. Donges, was a guest at a reception —attended also by Field Marshal Smuts and, of course naturally by Mr. E. H. Louw, Minister for Economic Affairs—given here by the Pakistan delegation.

—Cape Town report.

Did they all mix and enter and leave by the same doors?

* *

In his election broadcast on behalf of the Tories, Mr. Anthony Eden referred to the three "unities" on which the British Government under the Conservatives would base their foreign policy, namely, unity with the Commonwealth, unity with Western Europe and unity "across the Atlantic."

We are interested in Mr. Anthony Eden's ideas of Commonwealth unity between say, South Africa on the one hand and India, Pakistan and Ceylon on the other and so on.

SOVIET STRATEGY IN CHINA

By W. N. Ewer

EVENTS in Viet Nam are no longer of local or even regional importance. They are of world significance. For they are a key to Soviet policy and to Soviet strategy in the "cold war". Outstanding happenings of the past few days are the Soviet recognition of Ho Chi Minh's organisation as the Government of Viet Nam and the frenzied and theatrical activities of the French Communist Party.

Both are revealing. Both show beyond any doubt that the immediate purpose of the Soviet Government is to embroil the new Chinese regime in conflict with the Western Powers. The Chinese are to be pushed and persuaded into a quarrel or even an armed collision. Russia would stand aloof, careful not to commit herself, waiting to secure what spoil she could from the trouble she is deliberately, and for her own ends provoking. It is characteristic Stalin strategy.

KREMLIN'S ANXIETIES

What does Stalin hope to gain? There are many possibilities.

In the first place, an assurance of peace and freedom from attack. There is no reason to doubt the reality of the anxieties of the Kremlin about the danger of an "imperialist aggression" against the Soviet Union. For the men in the Kremlin have hypnotised themselves.

They have come to believe their own propaganda. Ill-informed about realities, given to Marxist crystal-gazing and to an intensive study of their own writings, they have come to the conclusion that "history" and "correct Marxist-Leninist-Stalinist analysis" teach that the "imperialist Powers" are plotting to "unleash a new imperialist war". It is grotesque. They have, however, persuaded themselves. They would prefer that China, rather than Russia, should be "at the receiving end".

There are, however, other possibilities. If the Western Powers were well embroiled in Eastern Asia, it might give Russia an opportunity for new encroachments in Manchuria or in Sinkiang. Stalin never allows sentiment about Communist solidarity to interfere with Russian policy, as Litvinov frankly acknowledged in 1933.

PROVOKING CHINA

The chief object of Soviet diplomatic strategy at the moment is, therefore, to incite China to push southward—to intervene in Viet Nam, where intervention may provoke collision with France; to intervene in Tibet, and to attack Formosa.

The object is plain enough. The Chinese, however, have to be persuaded; and the Chinese dragon, like Walt Disney's, may be a little reluctant.

A fortnight ago Mao Tse-tung was persuaded to recognise Ho Chi-Minh's organisation as the Government of Viet Nam. Now, some 10 days later, Moscow has recognised Ho.

Moscow in the past has been chary of recognising new regimes. It waited until the Civil War in China had brought quite a decisive Communist victory before it recognised Mao and broke with Chiang Kai-shek. It never recognised the "Free Government of Greece" at all. Now it concedes recognition to Ho Chi-Minh.

One can only deduce that Mao Tse-tung was embarrassingly importunate, and was asking why, since China had committed herself, Russia was holding back. There was nothing for it but to make a gesture. To refuse would have been to awaken suspicion. China at this stage has to be persuaded that she has full Russian backing. She can, like the wretched Greek Communists, be let down later. At the moment, however, everything must be done to assure her that she can put full trust in the whole-hearted support of her "great friend and ally".

RED DISPLAYS IN FRANCE

The Communist displays in France are directed to the same end. They are essentially theatrical. They achieve no immediate purpose. They will weaken the French Communists.

Moscow, however, regards the French Communists, like all Communist Parties abroad, as "expendible troops." Their performances are plainly intended mainly to impress Mao Tse-tung, who is isolated from all but Soviet-controlled information about France. He is to be persuaded that the French Communists can effectively paralyse any French action in Viet Nam, and that, therefore, he can intervene in support of Ho Chi-Minh without running any serious risk—that any operation there would be a "push-over."

The pattern of it all is very obvious indeed. The outcome is still not plain. Which will prevail—Stalin's Georgian cunning or Mao's Chinese shrewdness? It is a question very important for all the world. We do not yet know the answer.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Ways Of Governments

Two interesting reports by Worldover Press gives us an interesting picture of the ways of other governments, one from South America, the other from Hungary. The charities of Evita Peron Argentine President's wife, continue to "excite comment along with fear." The representatives of Argentine's first lady approached a sweets factory for donations once too often. It was not lack of sympathy for the objects which Evita solicited that made the firm refuse but its own financial state. "The factory was closed down as 'unsanitary'—though its candy had been previously distributed as gifts." Another plant refused to pay a donation of some Rs. 25,000. "Privately, the government's inspectors gave the factory its choice: either kick in, or be fined four times the amount of the donation asked for. It came through with the contribution"... The Hungarian report is on a different note. If rumours ceased, cynically writes the Worldover Press correspondent, "half the press of the Continent would be starved, and 99 per cent of the people deprived of a major recreation. "But the Hungarian Government is coming down with a heavy hand on Hungarians who "gossip". Mrs. O. Vajda and A. Javorsky were sent to prison for four years and Mragit Turman for two years, and all property belonging to the three convicted persons was confiscated We confess to a sense of relief that despite the pessimism of many stalwarts of freedom, things are a good way from these examples in this country. Of course, neither Argentine nor Hungary claims to be a democratic state. It is a strange thing but like all pressmen, the correspondents here do not tell us how things are after these somewhat draconian measures. Has capital in Argentine gone 'shy' in the presence of glamorous Evita Peron; or has the Hungarian Press vowed to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth so help it Government? For obvious reasons, this is important for people in other nations to know. After duly thanking the Powers that be that we are not like other nations, we should like Business to appreciate their lesser hardships here and cease moaning, and Government to learn that even a giant's strength to end journalistic extravagance is unavailing. But these incomplete stories will yield the wrong lessons.

Sir Douglas Gracie's Loyalty

In his marathon address to the Security Council Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan thought he was making an effective point against India by quoting Pakistan's British Commander-in-Chief Sir Douglas Gracie about Indian preparations "for an all-out offensive in Kashmir". Mr. Benegal Narsingha Rau had no difficulty in showing it up as a "damaging admission" of Pakistan's interest in, and assistance to, the tribal invasion even when Pakistan was repudiating all connection with it. Sir Douglas Gracie, approvingly quoted by Sir Mohammad Zafrullah, has proved Pakistan's complicity in the affair from its very beginning. But Pakistan's British Commander-in-Chief's "appreciation of the military situation in Kashmir"—it must be noted that it was not read out in full by Sir Zafrullah—goes further. His arguments based on the strategic importance of Kashmir to Pakistan only prove that Pakistan wants Kashmir in any case and in all circumstances regardless of the question of wishes of the people which Sir Douglas ignores as if it was entirely irrelevant. But Sir Douglas Gracie's appreciation raises another issue. It is from beginning to end an anti-Indian incitement to Pakistan. Sir Douglas Gracie's loyalty to Pakistan may be a credit to his sense of obligation. But should a British officer's "loyalty" for another country go so far as potentially to harm India? It is a question for the consideration not only of Sir Douglas Gracie but also of the British Government.

Salem Jail Firing

The reports of the Salem Jail riot when a clash between the prisoners and the jail warders ended in police firing, are alarming. That about 200 prisoners were involved in the disturbance and out of them some 20 lost their lives and over a 100 were injured, indicates an organised attempt to break the jail discipline. It suggests too that the effort was largely successful because one does not expect such a systematic challenge to prison authorities Jails under the British were organised in the last two decades to deal with non-violent political prisoners who scrupulously observed jail rules. Now they have a different situation confronting them when political prisoners resort to every method, not excluding resort to violence with improvised weapons Naturally, they have not been able to adjust themselves to the change and flare-ups are periodic occurrences. It seems that the prisoners are allowed a certain freedom of organisation in jails and that this freedom is being abused. The obvious remedy is to prevent such abuse and it should be easy for the prison authorities to do this now that the nature of the trouble is known. So much for the future, as for the Salem incident it is necessary that there should be a thorough and public inquiry into the whole affair and, in the event of prison officials being found remiss in their duty, prompt action taken to pull them up. Everything must be done to impress on jail authorities that nothing injures a Government so much as firing incidents in prison and that all care must be taken to maintain peace in jail. There has been under the Congress Government a liberalising of jail rules in most provinces but obviously if these are availed of to carry on in prison the activities outside which have led to restraint, there will have to be a reversal of policy and a tightening of the regulations. If the present conditions do not allow prison authorities to maintain discipline, then the man in charge should say so without hesitation to the Government and seek the necessary powers. Things cannot be allowed to drift indefinitely.

A Welcome Retreat

As expected the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has withdrawn its ultimatum to the Congress executive that, unless the Karnatak Province was formed, it would ask all Karnatak M.L.A.'s and ministers to resign. However, the Committee demands that, if the Congress fails to take definite active steps regarding the formation of the Karnatak Province well in advance of the next elections, Kannadigas are not likely to place any more faith in it. Well, the next elections are still far off and some progress is likely to be made over the vexed question of linguistic provinces. The matter would not have come to a head if the question of Andhra was not precipitated. It has only served to provoke more controversies without leading us anywhere The principle of linguistic provinces has been recognised and it is only a question of time when these provinces come into existence. It cannot be held as a Damocles' sword over the head of the Government and the Congress executive, which has to face multifarious problems of consolidating our newly won freedom. As they have waited so long, the champions of linguistic provinces should be patient a little longer. The need of the hour is not emphasis on separate tendencies but encouragement of national unity.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Himalayan Masters

I was a very interested reader in the controversy raged in your paper between Mr. D. J. Buxey and Mr. Sherwood and others as regards the Himalyan Masters of the Wisdom and though I applaud wholeheartedly the manner in which Buxey and Sherwood have handled the matter, I cannot for the life of me think how they managed to completely forget, to absolutely overlook the main arguments which their gurus—the late Dr. Annie Besant and the Rt. Rev. C. W. Leadbeater, used to forward to the "unbelievers." Repeatedly had they emphasised to their followers to appeal to the Divine Spark in their opponents—to ask him that were he a Christian, how would he feel "if the divine name of their teacher, the Lord Jesus were assailed as the Masters are assailed; to further say: "I would ask those of you who are Mussalmans to think how you would feel, if similar treatment were meted out to your great Prophet, Muhammad. I would ask you who are Buddhists to think of how you would feel if ridicule and outrage and insult were poured on the name of the great Lord Buddha; and you who are Hindus to ask yourselves how you would feel if the sacred name of Shri Krishna took the place which has been occupied by the name "Masters." I know that this substitution cannot be for the low would not permit it. If that were done in any Indian paper, at once the Government would step in and stop it." Yet this treatment has been given to the "Masters," who are to Theosophists what Prophets are to men: and Mr. Deomal at least out of tact and courtesy should refrain from hurting other people's feelings by insulting their most beloved leaders and gurus. After all, the name "Master" is an English equivalent for the name Jiwanmukta, the liberated spirit. It means a man who has become perfect; and it is not equivalent to the Hindu Avatara nor to the Christian Divine Incarnation—a coming down of God in human form

Let us as an example consider St Paul who now holds the Body of the Master Hilarion. The historical evidence for St Paul's existence is indeed exceedingly small, yet we know he existed and for Theosophists to doubt this (we in fact do not) would be as foolish as for others to doubt the existence of Master Hilarion—just as foolish as to doubt the existence of a King Emperor of whom everybody has heard and very few have seen.

I would rather quote a long list of names of those men, scientists, artists, politicians who have contacted the Masters physically and astrally, rather than quote as Buxey and Sherwood have done, passages from the scriptures as a form of proof. But I want to mention that to those few of us who have seen and talked with our noble and most beloved Mahatmas, who have been accepted as their pupils and chelas, having paid the price of self-sacrifice, the renunciation of worldly pleasures, unswerving loyalty, obedience and utter faith (for as He said, "Remember, my son, that doubt erects a barrier which not even a Master is allowed to break,")—also of utterly forgetting our self for the sake and love of poor humanity, who have undergone the trials of a 7 to 9 year probationary trial and who are still undergoing it—to tell us to doubt the existence and wisdom of our teachers is like telling one not to believe in his own grand-mother or grand-father.

We are fighting a valiant but an uneven battle—but we shall win it Like Mr. Buxey and Sherwood, I have no intention of swaying another in his beliefs, nor the inclination of arguing through a local paper, but we being destined to lead a "Forlorn Hope," would like to do away with unnecessary resistance and his description of the "Forlorn Hope" was best given by Mahatma K. H. as: "What I meant by the "Forlorn Hope" was that when one regards the magnitude of the task to be undertaken by our theosophical volunteers, and especially the multitudinous agencies arrayed and to be arrayed in opposition, we may well compare it to one of those desperate efforts against over-whelming odds that the true soldier glories to attempt."

—DONALD DIAS.

Saurashtra Selections

For the recruitment to two posts of Deputy Superintendent of Police, candidates were recently interviewed by the Saurashtra Public Service Commission. Every candidate had to perform only one formality and that, to appear for first and the final interview, lasting for about ten minutes at the most, before the Commission.

It is interesting to note here that, while even for the selection for the Sub-Inspector's course in the B. D. P. formalities begin with verifying the character, the fundamental things and end with a medical examination of the candidate, linking in between them a preliminary selection, three written examinations, and a rigorous physical fitness test and a final selection at Poona, here in Saurashtra, the work of recruiting to the post as high and responsible as a Dy. S P. is summed up, with may be some patented process, within a mere talk of ten minutes.

It passes human comprehension how the abilities, outlook and potentialities of a candidate can be evaluated thus within a ten minute talk, up on which suspend the career and the fate of a candidate.

—"X. Y. Z."

Near-Miracle In Tomsk

In today's issue of your paper, I read with delight the above captioned inset news item. The building workers erected a house containing a number of flats, painted and decorated the same within a few days, to provide accommodation for 16 workers' families This achievement can give points even to our Jawans This happened not because it was in Russia, but because the workers realised the sanctity of work. There is no evidence to show that extra bonus was the attraction for the workers to treble their work.

Labour governed England had also shown to the world what can be achieved with the will and co-operation of the workers, when it was faced with coal crisis. Even the expectant mothers who are not expected to work offered to help out the country The national spirit along with the spirit to co-operate and work should be inculcated in Indian Labour also—and nobody can do it better than our Labour Organisations. Unfortunately the day for such expectations seems a long way off!

—DOLARKUMAR BHATT.

Mulund And Greater Bombay

It has been heard that the Government of Bombay propose to extend the boundaries of Greater Bombay from Ghatkopar to Bhandup on the G. I. P. Railway line of the Bombay Suburban District. Mulund is the last station of the Bombay Suburban District on the G. I. P. Railway line which alone is being left out to be permanently tagged on to the Thana District hereafter for all purposes.

A few years back land revenue and police administration of Mulund has been placed under Thana District authorities while for Civil Supplies regulations and educational and other local self-Government affairs, Mulund is placed in the Bombay Suburban District and is in the jurisdiction of the Bombay Suburban District Local Board, Andheri It has also been heard that the Greater Bombay Police is going to take over police administration within a very short time. The local population is not satisfied with the Thana District part of the administration and has put up with it in the hope that this stop gap arrangement will ultimately be a temporary phase and any future extension of Greater Bombay will certainly include Mulund in it.

The news that Mulund alone is being left out of the contemplated extension has deeply perturbed the minds of the residents of Mulund. The socio-economic life of the overwhelming population of Mulund which is fairly cosmopolitan in character is interlinked with Bombay. The majority of people have to earn their daily bread from Bombay and as such would never put up with the idea of permanent separation of Mulund from the progressive influence of the great city of Bombay. The population will have to suffer in the matter of Civil Supplies regulations, police revenue and judicial administration and above all the educational and other facilities as it is linked with Thana District.

The authorities, much against the will of the Principal of the local Topiwala College affiliated it with the Poona University in a high-handed manner and never cared for the local population The life of the population is naturally so much linked with Bombay rather than with Poona that practically not a single student from Mulund joined the College. The local population has thus been completely deprived of the educational facility provided at its very door Such indeed will be the fate of Mulund if the authorities link it up with Thana and continue the link of injustice to the growing well-advanced suburb in these days of republican democracy We hope the will of the people will not be openly flouted by the authorities this time.

The Village Panchayat, Mulund, the Mulund Residents' Association, the District Congress Committee, Mulund the Property Owners' Association, Mulund and numerous other local organizations have already passed resolutions and voiced their opposition to the proposed exclusion of Mulund from Greater Bombay A Campaign Committee has also been formed to agitate for the inclusion of Mulund in Greater Bombay. The local populace has been sending signed petitions to the authorities not to sacrifice their interests any further.

The Thana District School Board's Resolution regarding Regional language and Grants to Schools had raised such a controversy in the Press that the Local Schools in Mulund would not favour being transferred from B. S. D. School Board to Thana School Board

In view of all this, we request the Government of Bombay not to single out this Mulund suburb for the proposed grave injustice: include Mulund in Greater Bombay and affiliate Topiwala College with the University of Bombay Let not the will of the people be flouted by the People's Government.

—P. B. JOSHI.

IMPROVED LIVESTOCK PLANS

13-Nation Conference Opens In Lucknow

LUCKNOW, Feb. 13 (PTI): Thirteen countries met at a conference here today to "come to grips with major problems" in bringing about livestock improvement in tropic and sub-tropical areas. The conference will last for ten days

The participants in the Conference, sponsored by the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation, are Australia, Belgium, Burma, Ceylon, Egypt, France, India, Indonesia, Italy, Pakistan, Persia, Thailand and the United Kingdom.

The leader of the Indian delegation, Sardar Datar Singh, Additional Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture of the Government of India, was unanimously elected Chairman of the Conference. He was proposed by the Indonesian Delegate Dr M Idris and seconded by Seth Govind Das

Dr. Kaddv Bey of Egypt was elected first vice-Chairman of the Conference and Dr. P. G. Malkani of Ceylon second Vice-Chairman

MILLION-DOLLAR SCHEME FOR CHILD WELFARE

India's Talk With UNICEF

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (PTI).

THE Government of India were now engaged in discussion with the headquarters of the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund in New York to finalise a proposed one million dollar scheme to open a maternity and child welfare department attached to the All-India Institute of Hygience in Calcutta.

Disclosing this, Dr. C. Mani, Regional Director of World Health Organisation for South-East Asia, told pressmen here today that the scheme, when finalised, would be a joint responsibility of the Government of India and the UNICEF.

It would be financed on a fifty-fifty basis between the Government of India and the UNICEF and would be stretched over five years.

He expressed the hope that it would develop into an international training centre for training medical practitioners, health visitors, and social service workers. The department would not only be able to take over a large part of the health services of Calcutta city, but would also extend to rural areas, he said.

The work of the department would be directed and operated by experts of the World Health Organisation.

AID UNDER POINT 4

Dr. Mani, who has just returned to Delhi after attending the fifth session of the WHO executive in Geneva, said that during 1950 India would get help under the Point Four programme of assistance to undeveloped and underdeveloped countries. He added that the technical assistance board of the UN was meeting some time in March to obtain money and distribute it to different agencies under the scheme Out of this, it was proposed to start a field demonstration team for cholera in the Cauvery delta in Madras and a plague team in Satara and Sholapur in Bombay. The schemes would start yielding results from early 1951, he said.

A MUSICAL TREAT

In Aid Of Saint Catherine's Home

BOMBAY, Monday.

On February 24 at the Cowasjee Jehangir Hall from 6-30 to 8-30 p.m. the Bombay public will have the pleasure of hearing some really refreshing music performed by the best artistes and leading musicians of Bombay. Mehli Mehta, Olga Craen and many others have all come forward to help the building fund of St. Catherine's Home at Andheri, and contribute towards what will be called "Bombay's Gift Cottage". The Bombay Choral and Philharmonic Society with Cecil Mendoz is also co-operating.

Tickets are priced at Rs. 7, 5 and 3 and can be had from Lady Duggan, Mrs. Timberlake, Mrs. Oscar Brown, Mrs. Roshan S. Sabavala, Mrs. D. R. D. Wadia, Mrs. Dinoo K. Dubash, Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala and also at Rose & Co.

It is hoped all Bombay will flock to the show and while enjoying themselves bring joy to others.

PAKHTUNISTAN EXISTS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (PTI): Khan Mohammed Akbar Khan, leader of the Pakhtun Jirga-i-Hind, addressing a large gathering here today made an appeal to the Government of India to take up with the United Nations the case of Khan brothers and "other twelve thousand Red shirts now rotting in Pakistan jails." Khan Ghai Kabri and other members of the Jirga disclosed at the meeting the establishment of a democratic government of Pakhtunistan at Tirah in Waziristan with Maulana Ghairat Gul as the head of the State.

The Jirga leaders appealed to the Government of India to establish ambassadorial relations between Pakhtunistan and the Republic of India.

Stop Press

ATOM TALKS

HARWELL (BERKSHIRE), Feb. 13, (PTI-Reuter): The most tightly sealed talks of international scientists in Britain since the war, ended yesterday with nothing on record except what lies locked in the brains of those who took part. Tonight the Ministry of Supply said no statement would be issued. The "top secret" discussions were called to decide what, if anything, about atom secrets the three Governors (U. K., U. S. and Canada) could now safely release for general publication.

EGYPT'S MOVE

CAIRO, Feb. 13, (PTI-Reuter): Egypt has summoned her Ambassador to Delhi, Ismail Kamel Bey, and her representative to the United Nations, Mahmoud Fawzy Bey, for consultations in Cairo on the Kashmir dispute, the Egyptian Foreign Minister, Mohamed Salah el Din Bey told newsmen tonight. He said "Egypt has good friendly relations with both India and Pakistan and will make every attempt to narrow the differences."

BRITISH ELECTION

LONDON, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter).—Sir Hugh O'Neill, Ulster Unionist, was today the first candidate to be returned unopposed as a member of the new post-election British Parliament. He represents Antrim North, Northern Ireland. Major J. R. E. Harden, another Ulster Unionist, was also returned unopposed—in Armagh, Northern Ireland—when the nomination lists for the election closed today.

Miniature Sun On Earth

BALTIMORE, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter): Some radio active substances from the Hydrogen Bomb will last "hundreds or thousands of years" making bombed cities uninhabitable, Mr. William I. Laurence, New York Times Science Writer, said in a lecture here

He said the bomb "a physical monstrosity" was several million times more powerful than an Atom Bomb.

The United States and Russia could annihilate each other in H-Bomb warfare, he warned his audience.

"The sun is actually an enormous Hydrogen Bomb in space." he said "and we will create on earth a miniature replica of the sun."

Division Of Kashmir Impossible

MEDIATION ONLY WAY, SAYS ABDULLAH

MADRAS, Feb. 13. (PTI):— Prime Minister of Kashmir, Sheik Abdullah, told a press conference here today that he did not think that a division of Kashmir was at all possible.

"Certain people", he said, "think of division and partition of Kashmir." The main prize is the Kashmir valley and it is very difficult to divide that valley. The party who has that valley will be the vitor" he added.

Sheik Abdullah reiterated that the question of the future of Kashmir was ultimately to be decided by the Kashmir people themselves. The only course to decide the Kashmir question, he said, was by mediation. We cannot entrust the future of four million people to the whims of one man", he added.

Though they had ruled out war with Pakistan on this question, the Kashmir Premier said, they had to be strong from the defence point of view so that they could meet any aggression from the side of Pakistan. "At the same time", he added, "we have to maintain that psychological atmosphere of secular democracy in India".

Asked what his impression was about the attitude of England and America towards this question, Sheik Abdullah said "it is obvious that Britain has always tried to help Pakistan. I do not know what the attitude of the Labour Party is on this question. But, I know that Pakistan claims many Conservative friends. They created Pakistan and they consider it as their own child. Probably they feel that India is too strong and they do not want it to be as strong as they are already in Asia. Generally we have felt that their sympathies are towards Pakistan".

On the recent deliberations in the Security Council about the Kashmir question, Sheikh Abdullah said: "Both sides have again presented the case from their points of view"

FUTURE OF KASHMIR IN THE HANDS OF PEOPLE

Sheikh Abdullah said that if any material change had taken place in the Kashmir issue since it was taken to the UNO, it was on the part of Pakistan. The stand taken by India was that they had accepted the accession of Kashmir and had given all assistance to the people because they were overwhelmed by raiders sent by Pakistan. At that time Pakistan disclaimed any complicity and abetment on her part in the matter. The world had now come to know of Pakistan's complicity in the affair.

"Our point of view is" he added, "give us complete freedom without any coersion, to express our opinion on the future of Kashmir. For this we want Pakistan to withdraw all her forces from the territory in Kashmir and respect the sovereignty of the Kashmir people"

India Government, he said, had promised an overall commission for mediation. "Let that commission suggest the possible solution", he added.

Sheikh Abdullah said that preparations of electoral rolls on the basis of adult franchise were going ahead in the State and he hoped that the Constituent Assembly would meet within an year to decide all issues including the position of the ruler of Kashmir.

"moral degeneration and spiritual anarchy in which the world is at present plunged."

Sheikh Abdullah was replying to the address of welcome presented by the Madras Corporation this evening.

He added: "India can be a positive asset in the preservation of world peace and progress only on the basis of her unity and democratic traditions. These traditions had to be fostered in order to bring about the national reconstruction and moral regeneration of our people. This, of course, is huge task requiring unremitting industry and relentless patience."

Reiterating the determination of Kashmiris to withstand all encroachment upon Kashmir, Sheikh Abdullah said: "What is at stake in Kashmir is not merely territory or treasures. The ideals and principle of progress and democracy are involved as we are threatened with a new tyranny that in recent years plunged the world in holocaust."

COMMUNALISM

He denounced here today political parties based on communities, at a tea party given in his honour by the members of the Madras Provincial Jamiatul-Ulama-e-Hind.

The Kashmir Premier said that political parties should be formed only on economic basis. If any one wanted to keep alive the Muslim League in India, it was only out of selfish motive. "I myself," he said, "could have done it in Kashmir and assumed leadership of Muslims, but Islam has not taught me to be selfish. Islam stands for the brotherhood of men, peace, God and good feeling."

INDIA CAN HELP THE WORLD

Pathway To Peace

MADRAS, Feb. 13 (PTI): Sheikh Abdullah said here today that many in the West looked towards India "in faith and hope" for a way out of the

Chemist's Role In Nation-Building

BHATNAGAR OPENS W.I. SECTION OF R.I.S.

BOMBAY, Monday.

The importance of chemistry in various fields of activity aimed at national development and welfare was emphasised by Dr. S. S. Bhatnagar, Secretary of the Department of Scientific Research, Government of India, inaugurating the Western India Section of the Royal Institute of Science in Bombay this evening. Dr. Mata Parsad, Principal of the Royal Institute, Bombay, presided.

Dr. Bhatnagar said that, vast fields in agriculture, industry and public health were awaiting exploration and development.

At the outset, Dr. Bhatnagar suggested that the letter "R" might be retained, though, instead of signifying "Royal", it would, instead, connote "Republic", in keeping with the fact that India was now an independent sovereign republic even though she was a part of the Commonwealth.

LEAVING FOR LONDON

In conclusion, he revealed that he was going to London tomorrow to have discussions with members of the Royal Institute of Science and see how republican India could fit in with that institute and British liaison officers. He, however, hoped that even after India had set up an independent institute of science, she would continue to collaborate with her counterpart in London for the greater glory of science and of the two countries.

NOT THE HORRORS OF PARTITION

Kashmir People Will Never Agree

A categorical assertion that the people of Kashmir would on no account agree to the division of the State was made here today by the Kashmir Premier Sheikh Mohammed Abdullah, adds UPI.

Addressing the students of the Law College, Sheikh Abdullah said that a suggestion was being made in certain quarters that the State of Jammu and Kashmir should be partitioned on the lines of the partition of India. He said that this suggestion would never be acceptable to the Kashmir people.

"We want to live in peace and we don't want that the experiment of partition which had its disastrous results of murder, loot and orgy of communal hatred should be tried in our land," he asserted.

TRADITIONAL POLICY

Sheikh Abdullah said that the traditional policy of the British imperial power was to divide the country under their suzerainty before they quit the country. In this connection he instanced the partition of Ireland, Egypt and Palestine, America, etc. He said that he had also heard from a responsible Burmese leader that the British were behind the Karen revolt in Burma.

He said Islam stood for peace and he also knew that the Hindu religion stood for peace. So both the Hindus and Muslims should faithfully follow the teachings of their respective religions and live in peace. They should work for the uplift of the oppressed and suffering humanity irrespective of caste, creed or colour.

If only the people of India followed the high ideals preached by Gandhiji and the Congress and strengthen the hands of Pandit Nehru, that would itself be a great help to the Kashmir people to succeed in their cause.

NEWS BRIEFS

THE P. M.: Pandit Nehru will visit the model industrial township under construction at Nilokheri, 35 miles north-east of Ambala, on February 23.

ENQUIRY: A five-power U. N. commission will start in Asmara (Eritrea) an enquiry Tuesday which may settle the future of Eritrea, last of Italy's former African colonies to await disposal.

TROOPS: The third detachment (100 soldiers and supplies, mainly artillery) left Naples for Somaliland Sunday night by the troopship "Saronna." Another 2,000 will leave during the next week.

TOP-LEVEL: Orissa's Chief Minister Mahatab has been invited by the Prime Minister to New Delhi for some top-level discussions. He reached Calcutta Monday en route to the Capital.

COLD WAVE: Stray dogs and birds died, water supply was paralysed for five hours Saturday in Almora, squirming under the cold wave.

UNIONS, NO UNITY: India had too many unions and not enough unity, said Mr. Herbert Bullock, President of the British Trade Union Council, at a press conference in Calcutta Monday. He, however, visualised a great future for Indian trade unionism.

OTHERS' FAULTS: Socialist Ram Manohar Lohia told the Kanpur press Sunday that it was time for the people to think about the interest of their country and their countrymen. He deprecated "the growing tendency among the people to point out and criticize the faults of others."

FORCELANDING: A trainer aircraft of the C. P. and Berar Flying Club forcelainded about a mile from the Sonegaon aerodrome Monday morning. None was hurt. The plane was slightly damaged.

COME FORWARD: Socialist Asoka Mehta inaugurating the Madhya Bharat Mazdoor Karmachari Conference in Gwalior Monday appealed to the rural and urban workers to come forward and guide the destinies of new India. He advocated unitary central unions "to avoid disruption in their ranks."

OIL FIND: The biggest oil field in continental North America has been discovered in Canada.

KILLED: Over 500 civilians were killed, 1,000 injured and 50,000 made homeless by the KMT air raid on Shanghai last Monday, according to the New China news agency.

LOWEST: Banaras recorded 40 degrees Saturday night, the lowest in 45 years. In 1905 the thermometer touched 35.

FOUNDERED: A country craft loaded with tiles bound for Bombay from Udipi foundered at Mirya Bay while on anchorage. The vessel was completely destroyed and the entire cargo lost. All the twelve crew, are, however, reported to be safe.

ADAMANT: Nearly all the coal miners on strike throughout the United States stayed out Monday despite the order of Mr. John Lewis, their leader, to return to work.

ASSURANCE: The Prime Minister of Pakistan has assured the Government of East Bengal the "full and complete support" of the Pakistan Government "in all the measures that they may take to restore law and order, to punish the offenders and to provide full protection to the minorities."

ENGINEERING COURSE: A course leading to the degree of Master of Engineering will commence at the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta, from June 1.

VEGETABLES: In order to encourage the cultivation of vegetables in the Bombay City and the Suburbs, the Government of Bombay has decided to supply seeds and seedlings of vegetables, baskets filled with earth and manure, mixed fertilizer manure and cattle dung manure to those desirous of undertaking such cultivation.

ARREST: The police took into custody two persons alleged to be Communists after a search of three houses in Kolhapur.

ALL CLEAR: The weather disturbances that last week heavily affected the west coast have subsided. All steamer services and plying of country craft which had been suspended have now been resumed. The Bombay Steam Navigation Company has arranged special steamers for clearing the stranded traffic.

AMBASSADOR: Mr. David Kee, a career foreign service officer, will be nominated Tuesday as the new United States Ambassador to Burma, the White House announced.

MAKE THE COUNTRY PROUD OF YOU

Radhakrishnan's Advice To Indians

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 13.

India's glorious spiritual traditions would be lost if the material condition of the people were not improved, warned Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, India's Ambassador to Moscow, now in London on a short visit.

The Ambassador in an address to students today said that the main point now was not how far Indians were proud of their country, but how Indians acted so that the country would become proud of them.

Dr. Radhakrishnan exhorted the students to serve India with a missionary zeal, even at the expense of careers. Material conditions of the

STOP THIS COLD WAR

British Dean Accuses U.S.

LONDON, Feb. 12. (PTI): The biggest Communist meeting so far in Britain's General Election campaign was held here tonight when more than 10,000 people crowded into Harringay Sports Arena to hear "Red Dean" of Canterbury Dr. Hewlett Johnson and Mr. Harry Pollitt, Secretary General of the British Communist Party, and other Communist leaders.

American Negro singer Paul Robeson, who was due to appear on the platform, was still in the United States But the audience heard his voice from a gramophone record. All the rings lights went on as Dr. Johnson took his place on the platform Four powerful spotlights picked out his tall, black garbed figure, frock-coated, aproned and gaitered, his bald head fringed with silky white hair.

The audience rose with a clatter of seats and gave him one of the biggest handclaps of the evening, the Dean, with his carefully trained pulpit voice made one of the most effective speeches, but much of what he said was distorted by the microphone. He threw the blame for the tension in the world on the Western powers and exonerated the Soviet Union.

WHO IS THE AGGRESSOR?

With his broad shoulders hunched and his arms above his head, he thundered "We are told that the danger of war is from Russia. And yet among the imperialist powers what do we see? We see strategic bases being seized throughout the world, strategic materials being seized from the colonies, Europe in arms. "Who is it who expands? It is the imperialist powers. It is the United States, never controlling more areas of the world than today"

Stalin, he emphasised, had four or five times made approaches for peace. Russia spent less on war preparations than before the war. Russia wanted peace, kept the peace, the Russian economy demanded peace, not war. "Why not peace now"? he demanded. "Why not hold out the hands of peace to the Soviet Union, which is eager to grasp it."

The meeting marked the 20th birthday of the Communist newspaper the Daily Worker. In addition to the "gate money" anything from 10 shillings to two pounds was paid for seats. The collection yielded over £700.

In his recorded speech Paul Robeson said that today in America the Negro masses had become part of the vanguard in the fight for freedom. "We are winning our fight" he said, "we must hold fast, stern and courageous. We must struggle for that which has always belonged to us."

Mr. Harry Pollitt said the issues of the election were work at starvation, and the right to live or be forced to die in war.

There were three reasons why the General Election was being held he said.

(1) It had to be held before there was a rise in the cost of living owing to devaluation.

(2) Owing to Britain's desperate economist situation, the budget coming in April would be the harshest of their lifetime.

(3) The Government wanted the election to take before a significant rise in unemployment figures, expected before September.

BOMBAY FOOD POSITION

(Continued from page 1)

affected the crops and there were reports to that effect already.

He was meeting the different District Collectors in a day or so and then alone he would know the correct position.

When his attention was drawn to the statement made by Mr. R. K. Patil, that only potato crops had been affected by the recent cold spell and not the wheat crop, the Minister said that there had been no detailed official reports so far.

The Centre's Food Commissioner, however stated that "if Bombay convinced the Centre that the food allocations were not adequate at the end of this year's procurement, then the quantity might be increased", for no state would be allowed to starve. At present the Centre was convinced that Bombay could manage

Mr. Dinkerrao Desai said: "I am prepared to convince anyone who is prepared to be convinced." Government, he said, was pressing the view with regard to this on the Centre.

NO IMPORTS

"That we will not import food from foreign countries from 1951, is as reasonable an expectation as that you will not die tomorrow", said Mr. Patil when pressed for a statement on the subject. But, that was the intention today.

Mr. R. K. Patil's conference at the Secretariat, this afternoon, was attended by Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies Minister, Mr. M. P. Patil, Agricultural Minister, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Minister for Public Works, Officers of the P.W.D. and Agriculture Departments, Bombay, and the State and Central Directors of Food Production.

Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, elaborating on the grave food position, said, that on account of famine conditions in Ahmednagar, Sholapur and parts of Poona and Bijapur the demands on rationing would intensify, as these merged areas have to be virtually fed from the meagre allocations to the province. Since no statistics were available regarding merged areas, it was hard to say that they would not be a liability.

Milk For Undernourished Municipal School Chiidren

FULL QUOTA FROM MARCH 1: DEMAND FOR ENHANCED GRANT TURNED DOWN

BOMBAY MONDAY

MRS SULOCHANA MODY Chairman of the Municipal Schools Committee, declared at a meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation today that all the 37,000 undernourished children attending the Municipal schools of the city shall be getting their full quota of milk from March 1 next The Mayor, Mrs S K Patil presided.

Mrs Mody was speaking on a notice of motion moved by Mr Jehangir D. Daruwalla, suggesting that the provision of Rs. 6,00,000 made in the Budget "A for the supply of milk to the undernourished and needy children attending the Municipal schools should be raised to Rs. 15 lakhs The motion was thrown out by a large majority.

The Schools Committee Chairman pointed out that out of a total number of 1,30,000 children attending Municipal schools, 37,000 were reported as undernourished and needy by the medical authorities. Only half this number was actually getting the milk, whereas the other half had to go without it. This was due to the fact that in spite of sufficient grant being earmarked for this purpose in the last Municipal Budget, the Milk Commissioner was not in a position to supply the full quantity of milk, with the result that a part of the grant had remained unused.

Mrs. Mody was however, glad to inform the House that the Milk Commissioner Mr. N D Khurodi was able to meet the full quota of milk to be supplied to all 37,000 undernourished children from the beginning of March next.

Opposing the notice of motion Mrs. Mody said that the provision of Rs. 6,00,000 made in the Budget was sufficient.

Mr. V. S. Velnkar moved another notice of motion suggesting that the grant for milk should be raised from Rs. 6,00,000 to Rs. 10,00,000. Mr. Velnkar said that this was necessary with a view to providing milk to a greater number of children. It was also necessary, he said, to give milk to these children on holidays, which, at present, they were not getting.

Mr. J. D. Daruwalla, speaking on his notice of motion said that upto now only 13,000 children of the Municipal schools were getting the benefit of the milk scheme The actual number of needy children was nearly 40,000. Unless the children were enabled to build up a sound physique, there was no meaning in the Corporation spending over a crore of rupees every year on primary education. It was, therefore, desirable, he said, that the grant should be increased from Rs. 6,00,000 to Rs. 15,00,000.

On votes being taken both the notices of motion were defeated and the original grant of Rs 6,00,000 was sanctioned by the House.

CONTRACEPTIVES

The Corporation allowed an amendment moved by Mr. A R. Rangnekar to the effect that the provision made in the Budget for the cost of contraceptives should be increased from Rs. 2,400 to Rs. 3,000. This came under the head of "Medical Relief and Education" and the grant of Rs. 73,18,208 asked for under that head was sanctioned together with the additional amount of Rs 600 demanded under the amendment. Eighteen other amendments on the same "head" were thrown out by the House.

REFERENCE TO 'CHURCHILL'

Amritsar Magistrate Explains Case

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (PTI): The First Class Magistrate of Amritsar whose judgement in a case was the subject matter of a question at the Prime Minister's monthly press conference here has written a letter to the Government that it is "highly incorrect" to attribute to the Court that the conviction was based merely because that the accused drew an analogy" or parallel between Prime Minister Nehru and Mr. Churchill.

'There is no gainsaying the fact' says the Magistrate, "that Mr Churchill is a distinguished and notable figure of modern history and it is inconcievable to my mind that any Court would be driven to convict any man merely because he happened to draw an analogy between him and the Prime Minister The conviction was based on material evidence brought on the record of the case"

The case arose out of a meeting of students which was held at Amritsar on September 25 1949, under the auspices of the Communist Party. A student leader was arrested and convicted and sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment under the East Punjab Public Safety Ordinance.

Jubbulpore Cold Spell

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 13.

After recording a minimum temperature of 35 degrees, Jubbulpore experienced the last spell of the cold wave yesterday night. The weather took a brighter turn since this morning when the mercury showed an upward tendency registering 37 degrees.

Marriage Procession Turns Into A Funeral One

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 13.

A marriage procession turned into a funeral one at Kharba, in Wadhwan Taluka, on February 10.

The bridegroom was to be married at Sayala, a nearby village. As the procession was moving, he was gripped with cold, and suddenly expired on the way.

M. P. CATCHES 'EAR' IN PARLIAMENT

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13.

A MEMBER cannot catch the Chair by the ear but must catch the eye.

This ruling was given by Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava who was in the Chair in Parliament today when two members, Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhuri from Assam and Mr. Krishnaswami Bharati from Madras, rose simultaneously to speak on the Emblems and Names (Prevention and Improper Use) Bill.

When the Chair asked Mr. Bharati to speak, Mr. Chaudhuri rose on a point of order to press his claim, contending that while Mr. Bharati had undoubtedly caught the Chairman's eye first, he himself had caught the Chairman's ear by uttering the word "Sir" before Mr. Bharati event thought of it.

Pandit Bhargava ruled: "A member cannot catch the Chair by the ear (laughter). Here the practice has been to catch the eye."—PTI.

SALEM JAIL INCIDENTS

(Continued from page 1)

ed the shirt of the Deputy Jailor and assaulted him."

"Finding that the whole gathering was becoming restive and was assuming a hostile attitude one of the warders raised an alarm when he saw the Deputy Jailor being attacked," continued the communique.

"ARMED THEMSELVES"

"This warder also became the target for attack. Many of the convicts by now had armed themselves with stones, brickbats and wooden poles taken from the handlooms in the workshops and started advancing towards the Deputy Jailor and other warders. Hearing the commotion, Jailor Krishnan Nair ran up from the main-gate and tried to advise the convicts to behave themselves.

"His appeals were of no avail and the prisoners were becoming more unruly and started attacking him and the other jail staff. Finding the situation completely out of control, he shouted to the warders to get arms and ammunition. He was himself being beaten badly with sticks and hit on the head.

"Twelve warders came with fire-arms and finding that the Jailor and the warders were being mercilessly beaten and the Jailor and the Deputy Jailor falling down unconscious, fire was opened under instructions from the head warders to bring the situation under control.

"The firing resulted in the death of twenty-one prisoners up to date," added the communique.

Peasants And Workers' Party Meeting

(From Our Correspondent).

KALYAN, Feb. 13

The first Conference of the Thana District Peasants and Workers Party will be held at Kalyan in the Netaji Subhash Park on February 18 and 19. Mr. Rajaram Balkrishna of Colaba will preside Besides leaders of the peasants and workers party Messrs. Shankarrao More, Madhavrao Bagal of Kolhapur and Nana Patil of Satara and Keshavarao Jedhe of Poona will attend the Conference.

New Foreign Airmail Envelope

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13

India will have a new 12 annas foreign airmail envelope from March 1 next. The existing design bearing the King's effigy will be replaced by a plain blue-coloured envelope, the stamp of which will be imprinted with the picture of a constellation. The words 'Indian Postage' and the value appear on the stamp The old envelopes will continue to be sold simultaneously with the new ones until the former stocks are exhausted.

MR. V. P. MENON

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, Feb. 13

Mr. V P Menon, Secretary, States Ministry, who was here for the last three days left today for Delhi after having had talks with the Maharaja of Indore, Uprajapramukh of Madhya Bharat, regarding his privy purse and certain other administrative matters.

Mr. Menon observed that Government had no intention to touch the Chief Commissioner's Provinces of Vindhya Pradesh and Bhopal for some years to come.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (MARCH)

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.

The New York Cotton market was closed today.

SOUTH ZONE BEATEN BY 7 WICKETS

Livingston Chalks Up A Stylish Century

SECUNDERABAD, Feb. 13 (PTI).

The Commonwealth Cricket team defeated the South Zone Eleven by seven wickets, 55 minutes after lunch on the fourth and final day of the match on the matting wicket of Scunderabad Gymkhana ground here today.

"Jock" Livingston, the visitors' skipper, while accounting for nearly half the runs of his sides second innings probably gave his best display of batsmanship today when he hit 15 fours in his 121 made in two hours and 41 minutes.

After the first wicket—that of Norman Oldfield—fell at 14, Livingston and Winston Place added 96 runs in 76 minutes for the second wicket before Nizam Yar Khan held Place behind the stumps. Holt took some time to settle down and after being dropped at 18, he pulled and squarecut stylishly.

When Holt was bowled the Commonwealth team still required 52 runs for victory but Bill Alley and Livingston hit these up in half an hour.

Except for Ghulam Ahmed, South Zone bowlers at no time today showed any hostility while their fielding was a great contrast to their excellent work in the tourists first innings.

About ten thousand people watched the fourth and last day's play between the Commonwealth Cricket Team and South Zone on Secunderabad Gymkhana's matting wicket here today when the visitors required 242 runs for an outright victory with all their wickets in hand.

Winston Placed glanced B. C. Alva, who opened the attack from the Plaza end, for two, but Oldfield took 7 runs including a straight drive for four off the first over by Kanyaram who continued at the pavilion end.

Oldfield, however, snicked the first ball off Kanyaram's second over today into the hands of the wicket keeper Nizam Yar Khan, (14/1/10). The Commonwealth skipper L. Livingston joined Place and hooked a rising ball from Kanyaram for four and squarecut the next to the boundary.

At 33 Ghulam Ahmed relieved Alva at the Plaza end and Livingston hooked his second ball for four. K. S. Kannan took over from Kanyaram at the pavilion end and Livingston drove him through the covers for four.

Driving Ghulam Ahmed through the covers Livingston sent up 50 of the innings in 45 minutes.

Place pulled and drove Kannan for fours in one over. At 66 Kanyaram came on again in place of Kannan and Livingston obtained 3 fours off his first 3 balls, his first stroke being a possible change at deep fine leg where Kesari did not take a start for a skied catch.

The Madras slow bowler, Sarangpani relieved Kanyaram at the pavilion end. At 95 with a single off the new bowler Livingston reached his 50 in 67 minutes including nine fours.

Pulling a full toss from Sarangapani for four Livingston sent up a 100 of the innings in 88 minutes. The Commonwealth skipper hooked the next ball for another four.

But after the second wicket partnership had added 96 runs in 76 minutes, Place snicked Ghulam Ahmed behind the stumps (110-2-37).

J. K. Holt joined Livingston who drove Sarangapani through the covers for four. But thereafter both Ghulam Ahmed and Sarangpani maintained an excellent length to slow down the visitors' rate of scoring.

A few minutes before lunch Ghulam Ahmed completely beat Livingston, the ball missed the stumps by a fraction of an inch. Holt hooked the Hyderabad bowler for four but the West Indian was completely beaten in his next over. At lunch the Commonwealth team had made 146 runs for the loss of two wickets Livingston batting 85 and Holt batting 12.

Alva opened the attack from the pavilion end after lunch to Livingston who glanced him for a single. Holt hooked Alva for two and two byes sent up 150 of the innings in 127 minutes. Ghulam Ahmed, who continued at the Plaza end, completely beat Holt, who pulled the next ball for four.

Two overs after lunch, Alva took the new ball at 158 and off his second ball Kesari dropped Holt at first slip. The West Indian who had made only 18, then, however, took seven runs in the over including a squarecut for four. Kannan was the other new ball bowler.

The overthrow gave Livingston five runs and two ball later the Commonwealth skipper drove Alva for four to reach his century in 152 minutes during which he hit 13 fours.

Holt squarecut and pulled Kannan off successive balls but in trying to pull the next one he missed the ball and was bowled (192/3/38). Holt who hit five fours helped Livingston add 84 runs for the third wicket.

W. Alley joined Livingston and Ghulam Ahmed took over from Alva. Glancing Kannan for 3 Livingston sent up 200 of the innings in 158 minutes. Alley, however, was not comfortable against Ghulam Ahmed but the smart running between the wickets enabled the visitors to score at a fast rate. Livingston squarecut Kannan for four and Alley pulled Ghulam Ahmed to the boundary and facing Kannan the latter pulled and hooked the Madras bowler for two fours in one over.

Alley lifted Ghulam Ahmed for six to bring his side within seven runs of victory, Kesari relieved Kannan at 237 the batsmen took seven runs to win the match by seven wickets, Alley hitting the winning single. Livingston in his 121 hit 15 fours while Alley hit one six and 3 fours in his 33.

SCORE BOARD

SOUTH ZONE XI (First Innings)	132
COMMONWEALTH TEAM (First Innings)	218
SOUTH ZONE XI (Second Innings)	279
COMMONWEALTH TEAM (Second Innings)	
Norman Oldfield c Khan b Kanyaram	10
W. Place c Khan b Ghulam Ahmed	37
L. Livingston not out	121
J. K. Holt b Kannan	38
W. Alley not out	33
Extras	5
Total (for three wickets)	244

Wickets fell at 1/14, 2/110, 3/192.

Bowling Analysis

	O	M	R	W
Kanyaram	8	0	46	1
B. C. Alva	7	1	30	0
Ghulam Ahmed	19	2	67	1
K. S. Kannan	8	0	53	1
Sarangapani	7	0	36	0
Kesari	1	0	7	0

RANJI TROPHY CRICKET

Baroda's Team To Meet Madras Selected

BARODA, Feb. 13. (P.T.I.)

Baroda will meet Madras in the semi-final round of the Ranji Trophy Tournament at Madras on February 24. The Baroda team is expected to leave for Madras Madras on February 18 or 19.

The following players have been selected by the Baroda Cricket Association to represent Baroda.

Major R. B. Nimbalkar, V. S. Hazare, Amir Elahi, Gulamahomad, D. K. Gaekwad, Capt. S. G. Powar, S. K. Vichare, J. M. Ghorpade, Vivek Hazare, Khader Sheik, Yakub Sheikh, V. N. Raiji, S. Phatkar. Mr. Chumble will accompany the team as manager.

ALL-INDIA TENNIS TOURNAMENT

KANPUR, Feb. 13 (PTI): Following are the results of the matches played here today in the All India Tennis Tournament.

MEN'S OPEN SINGLES (SEMI-FINALS) Prem Pandhi beat M Kaul 6-1, 6-2, 6-0; Balwant Singh beat Bannerji 6-5, 6-3 7-5.

MEN'S OPEN DOUBLES (SEMI-FINALS) Prem Pandhi and Balwant Singh beat Jain Prasad and Bahlla 6-3 6-1.

MIXED OPEN DOUBLES: Mrs. Richard and Ittra beat Mrs. Sartley and M. Kaul 6-4, 4-6, 6-4. Miss Mason and Balwant Singh beat Mrs. M. Nicholas and Chunni Lal 6-0, 6-3.

BHAGWAT BEATEN BY MADHAV RAO

C. C. I. Tennis Championships

BOMBAY, Monday.

There were only three matches that were keenly fought out in the men's singles of the C.C.I. Tennis Championships this evening. R. N. Bhagwat suffered a defeat at the hands of Madhav Rao after winning the first set and then losing the next over the extra points, but the third set saw the downfall of Bhagwat rather easily.

Then, there was the game between the Navy player T. Bakshi and K. L. Mirchandani which was won by the recently returned from England naval player after conceding the opening game to his opponent. Rafiq Dina disposed of the Yuvaraja of Bilkha after losing the first set.

The following were the results:

MEN'S SINGLES: D. N. J. Dady w.o. P. G. Kundaji; T. Bakshi beat K. L. Mirchandani 5-7, 6-3, 6-3; Erik Marks beat H. K. P. Mistry 6-1, 6-2; F. Bekkevold beat B. P. Baliga 6-3, 6-0; V. V. Prabhu beat Dilip Sampat 6-4, 6-1; Harbans Dayal w.o. Balubhai Patel; R. N. Rodrigues w.o. D. G. Solanki; A. M. Abraham beat Y. R. Lalljee 6-1, 6-0; K. C. Mashruwala beat Arvind Dalal 6-2, 6-0; Madhav Rao beat R. N. Bhagwat 2-6, 7-5, 6-3; Jayant R. Sanghani w.o. A. R. Munjee; K. C. Mashruwala beat J. R. Shanghani 6-1, 6-2; Swaminathan beat Himatlal N. Khira 7-5, 6-3; Rafiq Dina beat Yuvaraja of Bilkha 3-6, 6-4, 6-3; R. K. Sanghani beat M. M. Godambe 6-0, 6-0; Walton beat Vijay Malik 6-0, 6-3; Narotam Mohanlal w.o. Thakoresaheb of Kerwada; N. D. G. Rao w.o. F. Sikandar; Rasikumar of Wankaner beat R. K. Batra 6-1, 6-1; C. L. Savara beat P. K. Chaubal 6-3, 6-2; M. R. Rao beat Babasaheb Phansalkar 6-2, 6-1; Keshav Mahindra beat G. N. Vasani 6-2, 6-1; beat N. D. G. Rao 6-3, 6-3; P. N. Saragapani beat C. Kishenchand 6-1, 6-0.

The following are the fixtures for Tuesday:

COURT NO. I: 3-15 onwards: Baldev vs. T. Bakshi, F. Bekkevold vs. K. Watumal or N. V. Ullal, D. H. Patel and Partner vs. Rajkumar of Jath and Partner, Eric Marks and Yuvaraja of Bilkha vs. M. M. Shinde and N. V. Ullal.

COURT NO. II: 3-15 onwards: M. Madhav Rao vs. U. S. Bangera, Miss Sunanda Kundaji vs. Miss Mehroo Ghaswalla, H. N. Khira and G. N. Wasani vs. Walton and Macrea, Sajjad and Farkhunda vs. I. R. Mehta and B. P. Baliga.

COURT NO. III: 3-15 onwards: M. Hanumantha Rao vs. Harbans Dayal, Mrs. Bhavnani vs. Mrs. S. M. Bhatt, G. N. Powar and Partner vs. V. S. Krishna and S. K. Krishna, Sam Bharucha and Partner vs. D. N. J. Dady and K. Watumal, Miss Pilloo Bilimoria vs. Mrs. D. I. Kania.

COURT NO. IV: 3-15 onwards: Prince Fatehsinhji of Kutch vs. R. N. Rodrigues, Miss Laxmi Merchant vs. Mrs. B. V. K. Iyengar, Rasikumar of Wankaner and Prince Fatehsinhji vs. D. S. Framji and M. N. Sidhwa, N. D. G. Rao and M. S. Bangera vs. T. N. Bakshi and Partner.

COURT NO. V: 3-15 onwards: J. M. Kantawalla or C. S. Shete vs. Sam Bharucha, P. N. Sarangpani and Partner vs. R. K. Batra and M. Panjwani, C. S. Shete and P. K. Chaubal vs. R. N. Bhagwat and R. K. Sanghani, Rafiq Dina and F. Sikandar vs. Hanumantha Rao and Partner.

FIRST AVAILABLE COURT: M. A. Deshmukh and P. S. Jadeja vs. K. C. Mashruwalla and K. Mirchandani, Swaminathan and Peermahomed vs. "B" Pair, S. N. Lalljee and I. H. Shivdasani vs. "C" Pair, C. Rai and Partner vs. "D" Pair, C. L. Sawara and Kapinapathy vs. "E" Pair.

GOAN SPORTS "B" WIN BY TWO CLEAR GOALS

Metal Box Sports Fight Hard In Jepsen Cup

BOMBAY, Monday.

Only one match was played this evening at the Cooperage in the Jepson Cup Hockey Tournament at Parel. Goans Sports 'B' won by two goals to nil beating Metal Box Sports Club.

For a third division side Metal Box gave the Goan side, a second division team a surprise. Metal Box kept their goal clean for forty minutes and then when right outer Cosmas Vaz centred, Domnic Vaz put the finishing touches to give his side the lead.

Ten minutes later, in the 20 minute Goans Sports 'B' again scored when Noel Rodrigues sent in a hard shot which touched the boards.

Three minutes later Goan Sports were awarded a penalty bully when Carvalho the right back was penalized by Umpire Effic D'Souza for stopping the ball with his leg when the goalie rushed out to intercept. Carvalho took the bully with D. Vaz and Vaz failed to convert.

In the very last minutes of play Raol Forte the Goan Sports full back received a nasty cut on the lip and leg and he was medically attended to. He took no further part in the game.

LEVER SPORTS WIN IN LEWIS CUP

Hockey At Parel

BOMBAY, Monday

St. Xavier's College 'C' team and Mahim Young Boys failed to arrive at a decision in this evenings Figueredo Cup encounter at the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

It was a ding dong struggle to gain the all important goal in a match that was practically even. The defences in both teams worked wonders. The College side were fortunate in having more scoring chances, but poor finish in the goal area prevented them scoring and a goalless draw resulted despite of extra time being played.

Later in the evening Lever Sports Club 'A' beat G. B. Police 'B' by a solitary goal in the Lewis Cup Hockey Tournament at Parel.

Leo Gama scored the all only goal of the match for the winners.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Cooperage:
4-10 p.m. Panchgani Parsis vs I. N. Civilians.
5-15 p.m. Bombay Parsis vs Lever S. C. 'A' (Jepson Cup.)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel:
4-10 p.m. Khatau vs Mazagaon Docks 'B'.
5-15 p.m. B. B. and C. I. Railway 'A' vs Globe 'A' (Lewis Cup).

TENNIS

C. C. I. Courts:
3-15 p.m. C. C. I. Open Championships.

Kashmir Cup Presentation

Group photo of Jockey Kheemsingh, Maharani of Kashmir, Mr. Chandulal Shah, Maharaja of Kashmir and Trainer Talib taken after the victory of Champion Balam in Kashmir Cup

SOUTH AFRICA NEED 41 RUNS TO SAVE FOLLOW ON

Home Side Score 275 For 7 Wkts. In Reply To Australia's 465

JOHANNESBURG, (South Africa) February 13 (PTI-Reuter): South Africa, with three wickets in hand need 41 runs to save the follow on against Australia in the fourth cricket test here.

Enterprising batting by George Fullerton, high Tayfield and Norman Mann enabled them to recover from 148 for six wickets to 275 for seven in reply to Australia's first innings total of 465. The match ends tomorrow.

Fullerton batted attractively for two and a half hours and remained unbeaten with 45. He and Tayfield, who hooked freely and drove vigorously for six hours in his 40 added 65 in 68 minutes for the seventh wicket. Then Fullerton and Mann put on 62 in 73 minutes for an unfinished eighth wicket stand. Both Fullerton and Tayfield offered chances when Saggers failed to stump them off Ian Johnson's bowling.

South Africa were 115 for four in their first innings at lunch on the third day of the fourth test against Australia here.

Australia made 465 in their first innings.

South Africans tasted the full fury of Australia's 'shock' attack of Lindwall and Miller, and for 105 minutes today they batted laboriously for only 38 runs and lost four wickets.

Lindwall and Miller gave a superb exhibition of fast bowling, extracting life and lift from a lively pitch. The crowd voiced its disapproval when they sent down an occasional bumper.

After batting 107 minutes for 55 Eric Rowan was bowled middlestump by a Lindwall inswinger. Two runs later, at 86 Nel was run out. At 96 Nourse was caught after scratching about 29 minutes for five singles and in the last over before lunch Draper was also caught at the wicket.

Lindwall's two wickets cost eleven runs today.

South Africa's chances of saving the follow-on were fading at the tea interval when they still needed 137 runs with only four wickets left.

A stubborn fifth wicket stand by Denis Begbie and Paul Winslow, playing in his first test, added 30 runs in 72 minutes before being broken by Miller.

Miller, using the new ball, took two wickets for one run making an acrobatic forward dive to take a low ball inches from the ground to dismiss Winslow.

After losing 6 wickets for 148 runs South-Africa made a recovery due to enterprising batting by George Fullerton, Hugh Tayfield and Mann. When stumps were drawn they needed 41 runs with three wickets standing to save the follow on.

Fullerton, who displaced Wade as wicket-keeper, added 65 in 68 minutes wit Tayfield for the seventh wicket and then helped Mann put on 62 for and unfinished eighth wicket partnership.

AUSTRALIA (first innings) .. 465

SOUTH AFRICA (first innings)

Eric Rowan b Lindwall	55
J. Nel run out	25
R. Draper c Saggers b Bill Johnston	15
Dudley Nourse c Saggers b Lindwall	5
Begbie c McCool b Miller	24
Winslow c and b Miller	19
When play closed Fullerton was undefeated with 45 and Mann was not out.	35
Fullerton not out	45
Tayfield c Johnson b Miller	40
Mann not out	35
Extras	12
Total (for seven wickets	275

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Lindwall	21	3	59	2
Bill Johnston	27	5	61	1
Miller	23	3	59	3
Loxton	8	2	15	0
Ian Johnson	18	4	52	0
McCool	3	0	12	0
Hassett	1	0	5	0

DENMARK CHOOSES A STRONG TEAM

International Table Tennis Match Against India

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter).

Denmark has chosen a team believed to be one of her strongest ever in an international match for her table tennis match against India here on February 21.

The team is Knud Runchel, Helmuth Jespersen and Christian Juhl, with Leif Skoveaard as reserve.

INDIA WINS AT BELGRADE

Red Star Club Beaten In Table Tennis

BELGRADE, Feb. 12, (PTI-Reuter):

The Indian Table Tennis Championship team which is touring Europe today defeated the Red Star Club of Belgrade five games to four.

Indian champion U. M. Chandarana decided the issue in the last game by easily defeating his opponent Milutin Zivkovich 21—11, 21—15.

Chandarana also beat Nandor Rozehe seventh best player in Yugoslavia 13—21 21—17. 21—15, and this was the only time the champion looked as if he might not win. He wore his opponents brilliant, but erratic, smashes down with steady well played returns.

A Bhandari beat Zivkovich 21—12, 21—17. after he returned three powerful smashes running, the last one after he had fallen on the floor.

Voya Dorderich (Yugoslavia) beat Jayant 21—14, 11—21 21—12.

Rozehe beat Bhandari 21—15, 21—14.

Chandarana beat Dorderich 21—19, 21—17.

Jayant beat Zinokovich 21—13, 21—14

Dorderich beat Bhandari 21—16, 21—17 and

Rozehe beat Jayant 10—21, 21—14, 21—17.

The Indian Team had just arrived from Hungary where they gained several places in the World Table Tennis Championship in Budapest.

Mr. Ranga Ramanujan, secretary of the All India Table Tennis Federation and manager of the team said that team would visit five more Yugoslav towns including Zagreb and Ljubliana before going to Sweden and Denmark and arriving in London for the English Championship next month. On their way back they might play in Israel he said.

Mr. Ramanujan revealed that the World Table Tennis Championship would be held in the East.

"I have been successful in getting this matter settled though with great difficulty", he declared.

The decision was made at a recent Congress of the International Table Tennis Federation in Budapest on February 5, some European nations opposed the idea because they said India was too far.

At the beginning of today's game the president of the Red Star Club welcomed the Indian team to Yugoslavia, especially as Yugoslavs had been "boycotted" at the Budapest Championship.

He added "we are proud to play with a country which was so long fighting with the Imperialists".

Mr. Ramanujan said India did not agree that politics should influence sport and he hoped the tour would contribute to "better understanding between the nations."

BANGALORE AIRCRAFT HELD TO A DRAW

Travancore Trophy Tournament

TRIVANDRUM, Feb. 13 (PTI): In a match full of tense moments, Pudukottah Greens held Bangalore Aircraft to a goalless draw in the second round of the Travancore Trophy Tournament this evening at the Stadium grounds.

Greens had the better of the exchanges early in the first half. Aircraft partially dominated towards the closing stage. Yusudas, Bashir and Thankara did good work for the Aircraft while Mani, Govindan and Chinnappa defended well for the Pudukottah team.

GOOD FIELDS LIKELY FOR SUNDAY'S RACES

Entries For Fifth Day Of Big Meetings

BOMBAY, Monday.

The following are the complete entries for the Fifth Day of the Bombay Races (Big Meetings) which will be held at the Mahalaxmi Race Course this Sunday.

THE BYCULLA CLUB CUP—Distance 1 3 4 miles.

Jawahir, Jane Jigar, Navvara, Pramila, Rana Pratap, Ramal, First Royalty, Jeanne d'Arc, Diesel, Pravina, Oriental Spotlight, Star of Mahad, Billet Doux, Courage, Beau Scalerat.

THE CHIEF OF KAGAL MEMORIAL PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

Zam Zam, Asoka, Coup d'Etat, Diesel, Crystal, Paper King, Golden Past, Kinderson, Liberty Belle, Brave Prince, Serenade.

THE MANAVADAR PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

Khundi, Fair Haven, My Pet, Downpour, Parting Summer, Pankaj, Snehprabha, Je Reviens, Raghoo, Bhopal Star, Flotilla, Full House, Flying Dragon, Flying Arrow, Kirti, New Moon, Abbess, Royal Mantle Gay Pilot, Independence, Big Blaze, Maduri, Deorani, Aman, Manzoor, La Jawab.

THE COLABA CUP—Distance 1 1 4 miles.

Nirvana, Aan Baan, Truman, Ayaaz Once Again, Repartee, Find Out, Nasrullah, Yearling, Pay Master, Who's That, Game Bid, Shubh Luxmi, Taslaroon, Blue Lotus, Spring Chicken, Prospero, Deuce of Clubs, Pavan, Her Excellency, Desert Kid, Rustum Adeline, Tisco, Embarkation, Chocolate Baby, Masquerade.

THE MATUNGA PLATE—Distance 1 1/2 miles.

Lizalee, Kabir, Jai Malhar, Ijjat, Rohini, Crepe de Chine, Kotidhwaj, Black Abbot, Gipsy Bill Miss Rutty, Chrisse Darling, Malika-E-Alam, Queen's Cup, Toto, Laaji, Rajaji, V. Dav, Kantaka, Cherry Blossom Brilliant Sunshine, Jahan Zaib, Magic Hour, Luminary, Queen of Hearts, Maniana, Odds Again, Armina, Shirazi, Dry Day, Kiss Miss, Army & Navy, Yemin-ul-Mulk, Ajinkya Tara II.

To be ridden by Indian Jockeys Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowance.

THE C. JENNINGS PLATE—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Musafir, Navroze, Kalpana, Makarpura, Wahdina, Georgette, Bihari, Wet Bob, Caltex, Pan Supari, Riviera, Flying Princess, Sir Galahad, Triple Alliance, Magnificent, Just Wait, Flying Miss, Panditji, Mardan, Phone Again, Trumpeldor, D. Day, Amin, Mack, Par Excellence, Macdonald, Lerins, Dominate, Willow Stream, Fashion Parade, The Judge, Chocolate Soldier, Filmindia, Satta, Lira Malt, Windsor Park, Windsor Knight, Pelion Nature Boy, Battle Out.

The above race will be divided into 3 divisions. Both divisions to be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE ANAND PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

Guest of Honour, Ali Janab, Glamour Boy, The Duke, Diamond Star, Greek Star, Firdausi, Liberator, All-in-All, Gold Spa, Sangram, Rajguru, Musketeer, Gun Drill, Gold Street, Samurai, Ballynahinch, Oasis, Othello, Hangover Bessemer, Pet Hand, Eremitage, Jasdan Star, Bright Prince, Magna Carta, Gallant Man, Starshell, Imroz, Sajan, Pardesi, Aapke Sevame, Kiyababa, Triumph, The Coward, Banswale Pahili Mulakat, Moonlight & Shadow, Prometheus, Count Bobby, Sunny Island, Radio Star, Wedding Day, Arrak, Pop.

The above race will be divided into 2 divisions. One division to be ridden by Indian Jockeys, half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

Mysore Gold Cup Hockey

BANGALORE, Feb. 13 (PTI): South Indian Railway from Madras in their third encounter today beat Mysore Vegetable Oil Company by two goals to one in the quarter-final round of the Maharaja of Mysore Gold Cup Hockey Tournament. The winners will now meet 515 Command Workshop (IEME) in the semi-finals.

The team drew twice in their earlier encounter.

OLYMPIC VILLAGE CLOSED

BOMBAY, Monday.

With the departure today of all the visiting nines to the XIV Indian Olympic Games, the miniature Olympic Village was officially closed at midnight.

There was no ceremony performed and at 12 midnight the village which was housed in the military hutments near the Brabourne Stadium presented a deserted scene.

MUNIR SCORES TWO GOALS

Mysore Gold Cup Hockey

BANGALORE, Feb. 12. (PTI): The G.I.P Railway (Bombay) entered the semi-final of the Maharaja of Mysore Gold Cup Hockey tournament today by defeating the Bangalore Indians by four goals to nil.

The winners will meet the holders, the Hindustan Aircraft Factory, who had beaten the Madras Sappers and Miners earlier.

The Railwaymen throughout displayed good understanding and with good stickwork they often invaded the Bangalore area. The Bangalore Indians, who gave a stout-hearted opposition failed to avail of scoring chances, particularly so during the second half.

During half-time the Railwaymen lead by one goal to nil, the goal having been scored by Nabi Shah.

Five minutes after the resumption Munir Khan, who scored two goals for the side, manoeuvred his way through the Bangalore defence from the twenty-five to put the side ahead by two goals to nil. His second, and the side's third, goal came after five minutes, off an excellent pass from right extreme Krishna.

At this astage the Bangalore Indians lost a precious chance. They were near the goal area but the hesitancy on the part of Kothandapani to shoot robbed Bangalore of a sure scoring chance. The fourth goal for the Railwaymen came off eight minutes before the close, when Boccarro cleverly handled a pass from Krishna.

COELHO BEATS SELVARAJ

Holder Beaten In South Indian Zonal Billiards

MADRAS, Feb. 13 (PTI): Coelho (Y.M.C.A. Central—Madras) was in brilliant form when he met T. A. Selvaraj (Hindustan Aircraft Co. Bangalore), the holder of the title, in today's South Indian Zonal Billiards match. It was a thrilling finish. From the beginning Coelho was leading and at the end of the first session of two hours the scores were 637-476 in favour of Coelho.

As the second session began Selvaraj with small but useful breaks made gradual inroads into his opponent's lead but soon Coelho made a faultless break of 107 and once lead by 204 points.

As the game entered the final half hour, Selvaraj came within striking distance with a magnificent break of 185 and the score board read 1060-1041 in favour of Coelho. Thereafter it was a race against time and Selvaraj went down fighting with an unfinished break of 49 when the bell rang.

The final scores were: 1161-1131.

Selvaraj made breaks of 185, 68, 56, 96, 49 (unfinished).

Coelho's best breaks were 107, 72, 53, 53, 72, 52, 57.

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TATA STEELS REGISTER SMALL IMPROVEMENT

Bombay Burmas Firm And Mill Shares Steady

BOMBAY, Feb. 13.

The local Stock Exchange was fairly steady today under scattered buying in Steel snares while Bombay Burmas continued upward March. Cotton Mill shares were quietly steady with restricted turn over.

In view of Budget proposals by the end of the month, professional operators are holding aloof and in the absence of any import buying or selling the market is grinding around present levels without definite price trend.

Tata Steel Defds. opened steady at Rs. 1645 against previous close at Rs. 1640 There was scattered buying and Defds. gained four points at Rs. 1657/8. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 327 and improved at Rs. 329.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1095 and declined at Rs. 1090 but rallied at Rs 1095 under small support Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 305 while Nagpurs were done at Rs. 245. Svadeshi Mill shares were quoted at Rs. 271, Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 13/9. There was increased buying in Bombay Burmas which were quoted at Rs. 372/8 showing a gain of Rs. 8 over previous close.

Thereafter there was very little business in the market and small orders on either side failed to produce any change in quotations Cotton mill shares were quiet and Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1093-12 and Kohinoors changed hands at Rs 303

Towards the clos. Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs 1656-4 and Bombay Burmas were done at Rs. 370. Closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1095 0
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	304 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	270 0
Central India Mills (6)	245 0
Simplex Mills (9-8)	194 0
New Great Eastern (9)	159 8
Indore	115 0
Gokak Mills (12)	273 0
Century Spinning (15)	235 0
Swan Mills (30)	315 0
Indian Bleaching (6)	148 0
Finlay Mills (15)	270 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	145 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	225 0
Mever (12)	103 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 14
India United Ord. (0-12-0)	12 8
India United Defd. (0-12-0)	1 15 3
Madhusudan (15)	180 0
Podar (S)	135 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	180 0
Swadeshi Coupon	68 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	329 0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-12)	1655 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	187 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	147 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8) XD	370 10
Belapur Sugar (9)	224 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	31 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	13 9
Premier Construction	93 8
Tata Chemical	11 7
Tata Old (2)	51 8
Indian Iron (1) XD	31 0 6
Bengal Steel (0-12)	22 1
Bengal India Corp. (9-9)	9 2
Indian Copper	2-6-6
Wimco	210 0
Alcock	278 2
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1542 8
Tata Hydro (3)	153 8
Andhra Valley (25)	1432/8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	60 0
Phoenix (50)	152 8
Indian Mfg. (10)	2950 0
Kurla X L	118 12
Colaba (12)	115 0
New City (11)	185 0
Minerva (12)	135 0
Bradbury (12)	520 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	5 0
Bharat Mills (2)	32 8
Mysore (4)	176 4
Madhavji	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	167 8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	678 12
Vishnu Cotton (8)	220 0
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 4
Sholapur (200)	3150 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	58 4
New Victoria (Pref)	4 4
Palton (8)	118 0
Gold Mohor	302 8
New Kaiser Hind	325 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	12 12
RAILWAY SHARES	
G.P. (1-14) XD	113 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (103)	242 8
Bombay Burma New (5) XD	122 8
Burma Petrol	1 4 6
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	57 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	330 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	84 8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	41 4
Mukund Iron	13 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	147 8
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	28 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B. S.)	140 0
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Manmadi Steam	96 0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Estrella Batteries	30 8
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	54 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	196 14
Andhra Valley (7)	1240 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1330 0
Hydro Electric (7)	126 4
Bombay Steamer (6)	126 14
Central India (5)	653 12
Swedeshi Mills	130 8
Vishnu Mills (7)	650 0
Lakshmi Mills	270 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Srinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130 0
Pre Construction First	100 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 8
Amalgamated	115 8
Habil	72 8
Tata Chemical	122 8
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	13 4
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	80 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	72 0
Khatau	97 8
Morarji	94 6
National Rayon	73 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 8
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 8
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 11 6
New Victoria	4 4
266-13-9	
New Victoria	21 4
Phalton	118 0
Gold Mohor	302 4
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325 0
Sajjan	150 0
Osmanshahi	250 0
Ajanta Shahi	280 0
Air Services	4 8
Air India	65 0
Hind Motors	5 2
India Steam	7 8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Feb. 13.

Tata Ordinary 329, Tata Deferred 1655, Indian Iron 31-0-6 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 22-1, Bombay Dyeing 1095, Central India 245, Gokak 273-12, Kohinoor 304-6, Simplex 194-8, Swadeshi 270-10, Tata Power 1542-8 Associated Cement 147-8, Belapur 224-6, Bombay Burma (Old) 370-10, Scindia 13-9, Central 83 New India 57-4, Tata 2nd Pref. 137-8.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending on 10th February 1950 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 2 15,719

Amount of Cheques: Rs 58,30 31 248-7-5

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY Feb 13.

120	Ready Japan	Rs 6 4	0
150	Ready Japan	4 13	0
120	Ready Italy	5 6	6
150	Ready Italy	4 11	6
150	D Box Feb.	340 0	0
150	D Box March	340 0	0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Feb. 13.

The local bullion market was quiet today on lower Calcutta advices and introduction of margin of Rs. 6 per tola on forward gold contracts.

At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 186/12 and improved at Rs. 187 under scattered buying. At this level there appeared some liquidation and silver was quoted at Rs. 186/8. Ready silver was placed at Rs. 186/2.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 116/12 and after improving at Rs. 116/15 steadied at Rs. 116/12. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 116/10 and sovereigns

Later on there was active buying by bulls and closing quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	187	2	0
Forward	187	12	0
Ready Gold	116	12	0
Forward	117	1	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Feb. 13.

The Saurashtra Government has banned exports of groundnuts and oil until further notice. It is said that in view of poor arrivals and liberal exports, there is shortage for internal needs and in case if arrivals increase beyond normal requirements, the Government will reconsider the position. The local market was firm and traders are inclined to await the decision of Delhi talks quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS

Quality	Rs.	43 8	0
Bold		42 12	0
Coromandal		43 0	0
Oil Bombay Mills		23 12	0
Oil Upcountry Mills		23 2	0
Oil February		22 8	0
LINSEED			
Bold		41 0	0
Small Seed		39 0	0
February-March		40 8	0
March-April		39 0	0
April-May		38 0	0
Oil		22 2	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Ready		30 0	0
Madras February		30 8	0
Madras March		31 0	0

PAYMENT OF DUE LOANS IN MARCH

Government promissory notes of the following loans. Loans which falls due for payment during March 1950 will be accepted by Public Debt Office, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay for payment of interest from the 16th February 1950.

Central Government Loans—3 per cent 1951-54, 4 per cent Loan 1960-70, 4½ per cent Loan 1955-60, 2 1/4 per cent Loan 1976 and 3 per cent Conversion Loan 1946.

Provincial Government Loans— 3 per cent Loan 1955 and 3 per cent Loan 1956.

Holders of the above loans are advised to lodge their holdings well in advance of the due dates to facilitate delivery of their securities and interest warrants on the due date.

In this connection it may be noted that in view of the heavy work involved, the period for delivering securities tendered for payment of interest on the above loans may be extended to four clear working days.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Feb. 13.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	2	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	2	0
2 3/4 per cent 1973	95	12	0
3 per cent Con.	97	2	0
3 per cent 1951-54	100	6	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	11	0
3 per cent 1957	109	9	0
3 per cent 1959-61	101	3	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	4	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	3	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
2 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	6	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	2	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	101	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1953-66	112	12	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent C P 1961	97	1	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	1	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	8	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	99	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent C P 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent U P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N W.F 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent C P 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	98	13	0
4 per cent B P I long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni	109	8	0
5 p.c Bombay Muni 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent K P. I 1956	113	12	0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter).

The London Stock Exchange began the week on a quiet note with trading restricted by the approach of the end of account—last day tomorrow Tuesday. Price changes today were mainly small and showed some irregularity.

British Government Funds lost an early firmness, to close with but few changes on balances.

Leading miscellaneous industrials were higher where changed and there were gains in textiles and stores shares. Tobaccos however eased on small sales.

In the oil section ultramar was marked sharply lower when the market opened. Sales were heavy and depressed the price to six and six. There was some recovery later however and the final price of around seven Shillings showed a small loss on the day. Other oils were dull.

Revival of speculative interest in Japanese bonds produced gains of one point in early dealings. Subsequent profittaking however left them only fractionally higher at the close.

With the general election 10 days off, the Stock Market struggles for existence and many brokers report that the volume of business is barely sufficient to pay expenses.

Gold mining shares were idle and drifted to lower levels.

Calcutta Share Bazar Easier

CALCUTTA, Feb 13.

The market ruled dull and uninteresting. The speculative counters were the turn easier at the close.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: — Three percent loan 1986 97|4 three percent Government paper 97|4 three percent loan 1957 101|8 S Lot three percent loan 1951|54 101|3 SL. three percent loan 1959|61 101|3 three percent loan 1963|65 100|2 S. Lot three percent loan 1970|75 99|15 S. Lots.

BANKS:—

Bengal Central 7|3 Imperial fully paid 1715|-.

COTTONS:—

Jayshree textiles 3|14 S. L. Kesoram 16|1 Muir Mills 231|8 New Victoria Pref 4|6.

COALS:—

Bengal 539|- Burrakur 12|- New Churulia 1|9 Parasea 2|14 South Karanpura 26|-.

JUTES:—

Nuddea 65|- Rameshwara 6|12.

ENGINEERINGS:—

Indian Iron 30|13 Kumardhubk Eng. 7|13 Marshalls 6|12 Saraneng 9|4 S. Lot Steel Corpn. 22|2 Textile Machinery 6|13.

MISCELLANEOUS:—

Burma Corpn 2|9 Consolidated tin As. 12|- Indian Copper 2|6 Tavoy tin As. 9|- Sonevalley Cement 6|7 Bathgate and Co. 1|9 Odd Lots Angelo Bros 27|8 CT Bic Corpn 8|15 Eatern Investment 145|- Indian Cables 50|- Jardine Henderson 129|- Martin burn 16|2 S. Lot CT Metal Corpn 4|5 S. Lot National Insulated cable 9|6 British Burma Pet 1|3 Titaghur paper 33|6 S. Lot Assam Saws 8|5 Indian Steamship 7|5.

SUGARS:—

Carewand Co. 7|12 Champaran 22|8

TEAS:—

Nagahills 9|- CT.

Indore Share Market

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE CITY, Feb. 13.

Today's closing quotations:—

Indore Malwa 120, Hukamchand Mill 547, Bhandari Mills 660, Vinod Mills 332 Kalyanmal Mill 87, Kalyanmal Mills Preference 95, Rajkumar Mills 118, Indore Bank 61.

SCHEDULED BANKS IN PAKISTAN

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, (By Air Mail).

Following is the position of Scheduled Banks in Pakistan for the week ending January 27, 1950:

(1) Demand Liabilities in Pakistan: (a) Borrowings from banks 2,62,96,000; (b) Other demand liabilities 89,75,57,000.

(2) Time Liabilities in Pakistan: (a) Borrowings from banks 2,000; (b) Other time liabilities 19,84,53,000.

(3) Cash in Pakistan: (a) Currency notes of the Government of India and bank notes 2,000; (b) Paikstan notes 3,28,33,000; (c) India rupee coin 63,000; (d) Pakistan rupee coin 6,00,000; (e) India subsidiary coin 3,13,000; (f) Pakistan subsidiary coin 1,48,000.

(4) Balance with the State Bank: (a) Principal office 17,03,89,000; (b) Other offices and branches 1,45,80,000.

(5) Advances in Pakistan: 46,88,12,000.

(6) Bills Discounted in Pakistan: 1,96,97,000.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Feb. 13.

MILLS

Apollo 2/14
B. Dyeing 1090 92/8 90 96/4 93/12 95
C. India 244 44/8 44 45
Colaba 115
Elphinston 60
Gokak 272 74 73
I. U Defd 1/15 1/15/3
I.U. Ord 12/3 12/4 12/3
Indore 115
Kohinoor 302/8 2 5/4 4
Madhusudan 177/8 80
Meyer 101/4
Minerva 135
Model 167/8
Mysore 176/4
New Great 160/8 59/8
Podar 135
Simplex 194/8 96 94/8
Swadeshi 270/10 71 70 71/8 70
Tata Mill 5 58/4
Vishnu 220

SHIPPING

Scindia 13/6 13/10/6 13/4 13/9

BANKS

Baroda 121/8 21/12
Central 82/12 82/8 83
Central New 83 83/8
Imperial 1740
Union 7/7 7/6
U Commercial 46/4

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Elec 128/12
Andhra Ord 1435 32/8
Andhra Pref 1240
B Suburban 151/4
Tata Hydro 154 53 53/8
Tata Power 1545 47/8 42/8

INSURANCE—

B I G. 15
New India 56-12 57-4
Oriental 4700 4690
Vulcan 13-2

STEELS

B Steel 22-3 22-2 22-4 22-2
I. Iron 31-2 31-1 31-1-6 31-0-6
Tata Defd 1647-8 45 52-8 42-8 60 55
Tata Ord 328 27 28-8 28 29-12 29
Tata 2nd Pref 136-8 37

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 275 78-2
A C C 1468 45-12 47
Belapur 222 8 21 8 24
B B Old 363-4 63-12 75 70-10
B B New 122-8
B B Petro 1-4-6
I. Bleaching 148
B I. Corp. 9-2-6 9-2
I. Copper 2-6-6
I. Trust 84-8
P Construction 94 92-8 94 93-8
Tata Chemical 11 6 11-5 11-7
Tata Oil 51 51-8
Walchandnagar 140
Wimco 210

SPECIAL—

Alembic Chemical 147-8
Ahmedabad Elec New 75-12 75-4

Dyes And Chemicals

(From Messrs. C. K. Mavji.)

BOMBAY, Feb. 13.

Dullness prevails in Dyes and Chemicals market:

VAT GREEN B 3200: This has come down to the level of 153 i.e. a sharp fall in the rate by Rs. 9 per lb. noted. Similarly Sapthol Fast Violet Salt B which was ruling on the level of 16 last week has come down to Rs. 14 per lb.

CONGO H DARK 56 PKG.: Again improved due to enquiries from Delhi.

Re: ANILINE SALT: Those who have imported this item are eager to sell it forward.

Re: RANGOLITE: Though market is ruling on the level of 4/6 but there are no noteworthy transactions recorded for this item during the week.

Forward sellers 3/12

SAPTHOLS			
CAS		8	14
CBS		12	0
CBO		14	0
CSW		14	8
CSG		17	8
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base		11	12
Fast Scarlet CKR Base		11	0
Fast Red CB Base		13	0
Fast Red CKCR Base		12	0
Fast Garnet CKGBC Base		4	8
Fast Yellow CGC Base		7	12
Fast Corinth CB Base		9	0
Fast Orange CKGGR Base		8	0
Fast Orange CGC Base		10	4
Fast Brodeaux CGP Base		15	0
Fast Brodeaux CGP Salt		7	0
Fast Scarlet CKR Salt		5	4
Fast Blue CB Salt		7	0
Fast Violet B Salt		14	0
DIRECT COLOURS			
Direct Black Extra		5	0
Direct Green Extra		6	0
Direct Violet Extra		6	0
Direct Yellow (4GL)		12	0
Direct Sky Blue Extra		10	0
Direct Rubin		5	4
Direct Orange Extra		3	0
Direct Brown		5	0
Diazo Black Extra		5	4
Chrysophenine G Extra		12	0
Benzopurpurine 4B		5	8
Tarquoise Blue G		18	8
Delta Purpurine 5B Conc		9	8
Congo Red H Dark (56)		4	2
SULPHUR COLOURS			
Sulphur Black 892		3	8
Sulphur Black 992		2	2
Sulphur Black HK Grains		3	6
Bisulphit of Soda		70	0
Turkey Red Oil		43	0
Monopol Napthol Soap		44	0
Saitric Acid		200	0
Soda Bicarb		18	0
Ammonia Bycarb Powder		60	0
Ammonia Chloride		53	0
Soda Ash Light USA		17	8
White Sugar of Lead		145	0
Brown Sugar of Lead		110	0
Tri Sodium Phosphate		45	0
Bleaching Powder		36	0
Nitrite of Soda		65	0
Methylene Blue Extra		6	12
Metanil Yellow Elephant		3	0
Metanil Yellow Extra		5	8
Methyl Violet Lumps		4	12
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps		8	0
Magenta Extra O		9	8
Diamond Green		9	0
Bismark Brown Extra		5	0
Crysodine Extra		4	0
Malachite Green Crystals		8	0
Auramine Extra		8	0
Acid Orange Extra		8	4
Acid Scarlet		4	8
Kumkum Scarlet		8	0
Rhodamine B Extra 500 per cent		25	0
Soap Green		20	0
VAT FAST DYES			
Vat Blue CGD Powder		40	0
Vat Blue RSN Powder		39	0
Vat Blue Dark Blue BO		38	0
Vat Blue Brlt. Green B 900		40	0
Vat Blue Brlt. Green B 2100 Powder		153	0
Vat Blu Brlt. Green B 2100 Powder		90	0
Vat Blue Magenta B Powder		43	0
Yellow 5G		47	0
Vat Olive Green B Powder		30	0
Vat Oloye Gray Powder		20	0
Vat Red Brown		20	0
Vat Violet 4R Powder		65	0
Vat Violet 2R		65	0
Vat Pink R		70	0
PRINTING COLOURS			
Printosol O Conc		24	0
Printosol CO 4B		27	8
Printosol Green Paste		52	0
Golden Yellow IGK		70	0
Rapid Red		15	8
Rapid Orange		16	8
Rapid B		21	0
Alizarine O per cent Paste		146	0
Alizarine 100 per cent Powder		7	8
Indigo 60 per cent Grains		4	8
Indigo 60 per cent Grains 1 lb. pkg.		5	4
CHEMICALS			
Sodium Sulphide English		36	0
Sodium Sulphide Indian small		34	0
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)		28	0
Aniline Salt		2	0
Bichromate of Soda		75	0
Bichromate of Potash		135	0
Caustic Soda 1 lb. pkg	0	6	6
Caustic Soda 450 lbs. pkg.		38	0
Acetic Acid		1	1
Zinc Dust		105	0
Borex Crys.		32	0
Formal De Hyde	0	6	0
Rangolite C	4	6	0

Presidential Office Has Not Changed His Life

A DAY WITH RAJEN BABU

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13. (UPI).

THE 65-year old President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, is living the same austere and simple life based on Gandhian ideals which he had adopted during the past, even after shifting to the palatial Government House.

He has not allowed the strain of his high official duties to bring about any change in his mode of private life, according to circles close to the President.

Dr. Prasad, since his arrival at the Government House, has introduced some changes in the portion of the Government House which is allotted for his private use. For instance, he has discarded the gorgeous and costly paraphernalia in his bed-room. The screens and cushion covers have been replaced by khaddar and handwoven fabrics.

OLD ROUTINE

In spite of his busy life, he has maintained the same old routine of his private life. He gets up very early at about 3 a.m. and begins his day with short private prayers. Thereafter, he attends to some of his important files.

He does not require his personal staff to attend at that early hour, but goes on dictating his remarks on files and letters, etc., through a dictaphone and the stenographer conveniently takes the notes from that machine when he comes on duty in due course.

At day-break the President takes a course of physical exercises to keep himself fit. This is followed by a massage and bath. After breakfast, he is ready for his office work. He goes into every detailed question concerning the files of his Secretary or the Military Secretary. For a major part of the time in the morning, he is generally busy with interviews.

After lunch, he takes about an hour's rest, after which he is again in his study where he disposes of considerable amount of his office work. He takes his dinner rather early and reads books for a couple of hours before he retires to bed.

STRICT VEGETARIAN

Dr Prasad is a strict vegetarian. His food is very simple and mostly consists of 'chapati', vegetables and cow's milk or some milk preparation.

President Dr. Prasad is a voracious reader and a well-known writer. He maintains a personal library which has a rich collection of both Indian and foreign books

He likes company of peace-lovers, scientists, educationists and politicians with whom he spends sometimes in the evening almost daily. He loves children and enjoys their company.

Among the books he likes best are the Gita and Gandhiji's Ashram Bhajanwali. During his busy life, he snatches some time to recite the Gita and some of the best 'Bhajans' which were the favourites of his master.

One of the most important places that he likes to visit is the 'Samadhi' of Gandhiji at Rajghat. Whenever he finds it possible, he visits the Samadhi and offers his quiet prayers.

Among the languages in which he talks to the people and reads and writes, are Hindi, English, Bengali and Urdu

JAPAN CANNOT REFUSE BASES

Yoshida Answers Questions

TOKYO, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter):— Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida told Parliament today that Japan was in no position to refuse military bases to the occupying powers.

He declared that a "piecemeal peace" was better than no peace at all. The Government view on military bases and a peace treaty have been the target of attacks by the opposition parties. On the question of bases Mr. Yoshida added: "However, the problem will become different after peace."

Mr. Yoshida today also repeated Japan's claim to the Amami Oshima Islands, 500 miles south of Kyushu and the two southernmost islands of the Kurile group. The Japanese hold to the view that Allied agreements and statements thus far do not clearly place these island's outside Japan's domain

Only the southern part of the Amami Oshima Islands is at present under the Ryuku Military Government while the northern portion is included in Japanese territory.

Otorofu and the Kunashiri in the southern Kuriles are at present occupied by the Soviets.

SUIT AGAINST UNIVERSITY

Valuation Referred To Commissioner

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

Pestonji Framji Gagrat Plaintiff.
vs.
The University of Bombay .. Defendant.

The plaintiff, the sole proprietor of Gagrat & Co., Sanitary Engineers and Conractors had filed this suit to recover Rs. 1,40,428-0-0 as being the market value of certain extra work in connection with the Sanitary fittings in the building built at Matunga for the University Department of Chemical Technology at Matunga for which tenders submitted by the plaintiff had been accepted by the University.

In its written statement the University had denied that any extra items of work had been done at all. At the hearing, however, it was agreed between the parties that the plaintiff would give up his claim in respect of R.C.C. tanks, and the defendant conceded that extra items of work had been done on their behalf for which the plaintiff was entitled to be paid at the market rates—except for earth filling for which the defendant alleged that the plaintiff had agreed to accept Rs. 5-8-0 per 100 cubic feet. Certain rates were also agreed upon for excess quantities in respect of tender items.

NOT PROVED

After hearing evidence, His Lordship held that the alleged agreement to accept Rs 5-8-0 per 100 cubic feet in respect of the work of earth filling had not been proved by the University, and that therefore the plaintiff was entitled to be paid for it at market rates.

His Lordship referred the matter to the Commissioner in order to determine the amount payable to the plaintiff for the extra work done before 5th November 1943 as well as for the extra items, including the earth fillings.

Mr M M. Jhaveri and Mr. N. A. Palkhiwalla instructed by Messrs. Gagrat and Co., appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Y B. Rege instructed by Messrs. Pagie Blunt & Caroe appeared for the defendant.

GOA WILL JOIN INDIA

Leader's Assurance

BOMBAY, Monday (UPI): The determination of the Goan people to be rid of Portuguese rule notwithstanding the telegrams to the contrary reported to have been received by the Salazar Government from their stooges in Goa was reiterated by Mr. Wamanrao Desai, General Secretary of the National Congress of Goa, in a statement to the Press today.

Mr. Desai expressed his surprise at the report appearing in a section of the Press to the effect that the Portuguese Government had received telegrams from influential public and private bodies in Goa, protesting against Prime Minister Nehru's statement that Goa should come to India and said that this was used only as an ingenious smoke screen to mislead the world outside.

The fact that the Goans had mutined thrice against the Portuguese in less than 100 years and had participated whole-heartedly in the 1942 movement was an effective enough answer to the inspired propaganda of the Salazar Government, he declared.

Calcutta Corporation Supersession

CALCUTTA, Feb. 13 (PTI): The West Bengal Legislative Assembly today passed a Government bill extending the life of supersession of the Calcutta Corporation till December 31, 1950.

A number of other Government bills embodying amendments to certain existing acts were also passed by the House during its short session today. The Muslim members were not present.

Earlier, Mr S Banerjee, Parliamentary Secretary to the Home Minister, told a questioner that the strength of the Calcutta Police Force at present was 11,873, of whom 732 were Muslims. 2,652 persons had been recruited to the service since August 15, 1947 of whom 116 were Muslims

He said that there was no communal reservation for recruitment by competitive examination or in cases of promotion But 20 per cent of the posts was reserved for Muslims and 15 per cent for the Scheduled Castes in respect of posts which were filled up by direct recruitment on a non-competitive basis.

The House was adjourned till tomorrow.

Bihar Newsletter

A WEEK OF NOTABLE MEETINGS

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, (By Air).

ALONG with the winter, which staged a curious come-back suddenly and rather obstinately, Patna seems to have had a week of meetings, celebrations and sessions. Not able among the sessions and meetings were the Library Conference at Hajipur which was presided over by the Chief Minister the engineers' conference, which attracted notable engineers ffom all over India and the all-India rotary confeence

One of the main features of the economisie conference, held this week at Patna was the emphasis, too heavily laid and rightly of course, on a scientific approach to all economic problems A study of economics was indispensable for understanding the policies of other governments. This it was further stressed, was never more important than today.

Another point made out by the members was that economists should help to raise the living standards of people. Making this plea Dr. Anugrah Narain Sinha, Finance Minister of Bihar, wanted economists to bring their knowledge to bear on the practical life of the masses and direct all their efforts to raising the living standards.

As for the controversy between the two schools of thought, one favouring a rapid idustrialisation and the other urging a greater attention and assistance to the support for cottage industries. Dr Sinha argued it was for the economists of the country to find a meeting ground to evolve a general line of thought.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD Feb 13

Market was shut up a little and maintained the steady undertone

Fluctuations Calico opened 289 8 highest 292/4

Arvind opened 790 highest 791

Ambica opened 359 highest 360

Deferred opened 1645 highest 1659

Closing quotatic Calico 291 4 Ar ind 791 Ambica 360 Deferred 1655 Rohit 101/4, Atul 40/8.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

ASSAM EXPULSION BILL PASSED

House Demands Quick Action On Measure

NEW DELHI, February 13, (PTI).

SEVERAL members of Parliament who participated in the third reading of the Bill providing for the expulsion of certain immigrants from Assam, today gave qualified support to the measure holding that it had not gone far enough to be really effective.

When Parliament resumed third reading, Mr. Rohini Kumar Choudhry attempted to move for the adjournment of the Bill and quoted precedence of the House of Commons rules for such a motion.

Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava who occupied the Chair ruled it out of order.

Mr. Balkrishna Sharma, continuing his speech, gave "partial support to the Bill" and said that the measure would not be effective because no power had been given to the authorities for explusion of the immigrants 'en masse'. They had to be tackled individually and it would not be possible to expel 500,000 people this way.

Mr. Biswanath Das felt that unless firm and quick action was taken against the undesirable intruders from Pakistan, the provisions of the Bill would be meaningless. The Ordinance had been in operation for the last 6 weeks and yet nothing had been done in respect of these intruders. The members of the House were not opposed to the provisions of the Bill but were against the "conciliatory attitude of the Government."

Mr. Rohini Kumar Choudhry said that the passage of the Bill would not make any difference in the situation because the people affected by the Bill were not afraid of any criminal prosecution. He appealed to Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar to "cast off his fear and concern about his personal reputation" in favour of the interest of the Province.

The protection of the border of Assam meant protection of the whole of India. The ingress of 500,000 Pakistanis into Assam was not due to the "cowardice of Assamese". The Central Government refused to accede to the request of the Assam Government to introduce a permit system with the result that 500,000 people had entered the province. A drastic measure was necessary and he thought that the sense of reputation for moderation, and fairness of individuals should not stand in the way of dealing with Pakistani immigrants.

The house rejected a closure motion moved by Mr. Satyanarain Sinha.

Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, intervening in the debate said that he had been fortified in his conviction that acceptance of an amendment providing for the punishment of forfeiture of property would have "ruined his reputation as a person who understood the principle on which punishment should be regulated for offences that were created by law. The Indian Penal Code of 1860 provided punishment of forfeiture of property for heinous offences like waging war against the King but in response to public opinion, it was amended and deleted by the Act of 1921.

A MEMBER: It was in 1921 and against an alien government.

MR. GOPALASWAMI AYYANGER: "We have not become more bloodthirsty in 1950 than in 1921".

He said according to established ideas of criminal jurisprudence, forfeiture of property was not provided for offences involving even much greater issues like the security of the country than the provisions contemplated in the Bill. Mr. Ayyangar said that what little reputation he had he might lose if he yielded on that point. There was no possibility of his accepting the amendment so long as he was in charge of the Bill, he added.

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi interrupting the Minister asked that in case the House felt that there was a regular plan of invasion by Pakistan and that invaders were being harboured by Indian nationals themselves, would not the patriotic fervour of the members demand of them that the country should be defended to the last man? The members of the House had great respect for Mr. Ayyangar for his intergrity and honesty but he must acknowledge the patriotism of the members of the House too.

Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar said that if there was a mass invasion of Assam State from East Bengal, there would be a state of war and administration has to be carried on during a period of armed conflict on a quite different basis. If there was an invasion for the purpose of annexing Assam State in Pakistan, then perhaps the men who invaded and the men who harboured them would be shot down by the military. But in times of peace forfeiture of property was an "outmoded and thoroughly discredited doctrine."

Mr. Ramnarayan Singh (Bihar) said that he wished to tell Mr. Ayyangar that Mr. Ayyangar's "reasonableness" in a matter like the expulsion of the immigrants might be interpreted by others as cowardice.

MY AYYANGAR: Does the member think it is cowardice? MR. RAMNARAYAN SINGH: It is.

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi asked whether the word "cowardice" was parliamentary.

Mr. Ramnarayan Singh: I know it is parliamentary. It is also true.

He was "painfully reminded", he said, of the proverb about Nero fiddling while Rome was burning.

MR. BRAJESHWAR PRASAD: Nero or Nehru?

MR. RAMNARAYAN SINGH: It is for the House to interpret it in the manner it likes. In dealing with this matter, too much carelessness and cowardice has been shown.

He wanted a six-month time limit for the expulsion of the immigrants. If the present Government could not bring this about, "this thing must be done by somebody else".

On resumption after lunch, the House passed the Bill without any further discussion. The Chairman, Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava, said that there had been enough discussion and he proposed to put the motion before the House. The motion was adopted.

The House next took up the Commerce Minister, Mr. K. C. Neogy's Emblems and Names (Prevention and Improper Use) Bill. Mr. Neogy said that he was accepting an amendment taking Mahatma Gandhi's name out of the scope of the Bill.

Mr. H. V. Kamath wanted the penalty to be enhanced.

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi said that some Congressmen flew the Congress flag on their cars and got undeserved military salutes as the sentries could not distinguish between the "charkha" and "Chakra".

MR. SONDHI: You can move that in the A.I.C.C.

The Chairman, Pandit Thakur Das Bhargava, ruled that the point did not arise in connection with the Bill.

Mr. Tyagi said that there should be no restriction, other than that of public opinion, on the use of Mahatma Gandhi's name, for Mahatma Gandhi was "everybody's property and not the monopoly of any political body or Goveenment or country".

Mr. Thirumala Rao said that the misuse of the names of great leaders had, in some cases, passed the bounds of decency, propriety or commercial honesty.

BILL PASSED

Mr. Krishnaswami Bharathi said that Mahatma Gandhi's name should not be misused. The Minister had not explained why the reference to Mahatma Gandhi was being deleted.

MR. MAHAVIR TYAGI: "Does he want to have the liberty of using Mahatma Gandhi's name in the elections?" (Laughter).

MR. BHARATI: "Standing for elections is not a commercial purpose."

An amendment moved by Arun Chandra Guha deleting the reference to Mahatma Gandhi was adopted by the House.

The House also accepted an amendment by Mr. Kamath enhancing the fine from Rupees 200 to Rupees 500.

The bill was passed. It will apply to the whole of India except Jammu and Kashmir and to citizens of India outside India. An Indian citizen abroad who contravenes the provisions of the Bill will be liable to prosecution the moment he comes within the territory of India.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil moved that the Indian Tariff (Third Amendment) Bill be taken into consideration.

The object of the Bill is to raise the protective duty on starch from eighteen per cent 'ad valorem', to twenty per cent 'ad valorem', to continue protection to the Starch Industry for a further period of two years, ending March 31, 1952; to raise the duty on farina from eighteen to twenty per cent 'ad valorem' and to change its character from revenue to protective; to impose a protective duty of twenty per cent 'ad valorem' on sago flour; and to impose a protective duty of ten per cent 'ad valorem' on certain cotton textile machinery and parts.

The Bill seeks to give effect to some of the recommendations made by the Tariff Board.

Mr. Gadgil said that the Tariff Board had come to the conclusion that the Starch Industry fulfilled all the conditions for the grant of protection. It was necessary to put this industry on its feet. Starch was used in the sizing of textiles and the country should achieve self-sufficiency in this material. The Starch Industry consumed only five per cent of the total maize production in India which was about two million tons, but as maize was an article of food and it was not found possible in earlier years to make the necessary allocations, several starch factories closed down.

Mr. Gadgil had not concluded when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

Mr. K. C. Neogy, Commerce Minister, announced in Parliament today in a personal statement that as he and his wife owned some shares in the capital of two public limited companies engaged in the manufacture of textile machineries, he would not pilot the Bill to further amend the Indian Tariff Act 1934.

This Bill, among other things, seeks to extend protection to this industry.

Pandit Thakur Das Bhargava, Chairman, ruled that this would be no precedent.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister in charge of Works, Mines and Power, took charge of the Bill.

Mr. Neogy's statement had a mixed reception, although he was loudly cheered as he ended his statement.

POLICE OFFICER'S EVIDENCE

Bibinagar Dacoity

SECUNDERABAD, Feb. 13 (UPI):—Mr. Khader Ali Khan, the then Additional District Superintendent of Police, Bhongir, on special duty in the Communist-affected areas, appeared today before the Special Tribunal presided over by Mr. J. A. Pinto in connection with the Bibinagar Dacoity Case in which Kasim Razvi and five others are figuring.

He deposed that he met Kasim Razvi at Bhongir at about 4 p.m., shortly before the incidents at Bibinagar which place he visited from there. He denied having received his transfer orders on the day he met Kasim Razvi at Bhongir. He went on leave after he met the Razakar Chief, he added.

Continuing, witness stated that while posted at Bhongir he stayed in the Dak Bungalow. On the 10th January, 1948, when he returned to the Dak Bungalow at about 4 p.m., he saw Razvi in its verandah. He spoke to him in his (witness's) room for about two or three minutes.

Other witness cross-examined was Mr. P. Narasimha Rao, Magistrate, who had conducted the identification parade of the accused at the jail premises.

SEAMEN'S REQUEST TO NEHRU: PROTECT US

CALCUTTA, Feb. 13 (PTI): A telegram has today been sent to the Prime Minister of India on behalf of several organisations of seamen, dock-workers, jute workers, and engineering workers urging him to arrange protection to labour forces engaged in various works in the Calcutta port so as to enable them to remain in their bustees.

Treatment Of Polio

Dr. N. K. Kezerian, M.D., of the World Health Organisation, Poliomyelitis Team, will deliver a lecture on "Concepts and treatment of Poliomyelitis," between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Tuesday, February 14, 1950, at the J. J. Hospital, Bombay. The lecture will be open to all doctors, medical students, nurses and physio-therapists.

CONTROLS COST MORE THAN TWO CRORES

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (PTI).

THE total cost to the Exchequer for the establishment and other items relating to the control departments of the Government of India is Rs. 2,27,51,741.

The Finance Minister, who gave this information to Mr. R. K. Sidhwa in Parliament said that the strength of the establishment was 8.336.

The Ministry of Industry and Supply in its control department—iron and steel, salt, cotton textiles, Central Enforcement Directorate, coal and the Directorate-General—had a total staff of 7.117 and spent Rs. 2,15,07,900. The Ministry of Food in its eight Regional and Deputy Regional Food Commissiner's offices employed 1,210 persons and spent Rs. 12,30,000 while the Works Ministry for the Rent Control Office, had an establishment of nine costing Rs. 13.841.

Instructions in regard to economy in these departments had been issued and a sum of Rs. 6,96,500 saved as a result of this.

NO POLITICALS

The Home Minister, Sardar Patel told Mr. H. V. Kamath that he was "not aware" of the statement of the Prime Minister that political prisoners would be given amnesty on the occasion of the Republic day.

Mr. Kamath had asked whether he was aware of such a statement of the Prime Minister made at Nagpur on his way back from Colombo and how many had been released.

Sardar Patel added, "There are no political prisoners in India" (laughter).

The Home Minister promised to enquire into cases of prisoners brought back from Pakistan who did not come under the categories announced because of their conviction for rioting.

INDO-PAK TALKS PROPOSAL

The Finance Minister told Sardar Hukam Singh that while both the Governments of India and Pakistan were agreed in regard to the idea of a conference to discuss outstanding questions arising out of devaluation, there was not sufficient agreement as regards its scope.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Minister of States replied in the negative to the question: "Have Government taken a decision to merge the various States of Bundelkhand and Bundelkhand areas of Vindhya Pradesh with the neighbouring States of Uttar Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh'".

HYDERABAD CUSTOMS

Sardar Patel, Minister for States, told Parliament that the recommendations of the States Finance Enquiry Committee in regard to Huderabad had been accepted by the Governments of India and Hyderabad, subject to certain adjustments. The abolition of internal customs duties would be spread over a period of four years instead of three years. Arrangements for implementing the scheme from April 1, 1950 were being worked out.

Prof. Ranga: In view of the fact that operation of these internal customs within Hyderabad has been one of the biggest sources of trouble and also a source of strength to the Communists, will Government consider the advisability of expediting their abolition."

Sardar Patel: Serious questions are involved in the abolition and it cannot be expedited.

NIZAM'S GOLD

The Finance Minister told Mr. Sidhva at question time that the gold sold by the Reserve Bank was the personal property of the Nizam and would not be subject to income-tax. The investment of the sale proceeds was a concern of the Nizam and not the Government of India. He was not in a position to answer whether any portion of the sale proceeds had been deposited in banks abroad.

The Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh said that before the end of the financial year 1950-51, Government hoped to complete the reorganisation of the Indian States forces. Sardar Baldev Singh said that according to constitution, all the States forces would be merged with the Indian Army. In the case of Rajasthan, PEPSU, Madhya Bharat and Saurashtra, as a result of agreement with their Rajpramukhs, the administrative control would be vested with the Rajpramukhs while the operational control would be with the Indian Army.

FASTER BOMBAY-DELHI AIR TRAVEL

Air Services To Put New Planes On Route

BOMBAY, Monday.

WHAT is claimed to be the fastest aeroplane operating in the internal routes of India and also the first of its kind in this country, The SO.95 Gagan-Vega (Speed Bird) will be put into service between Bombay and Delhi and Bombay and Bangalore shortly by the Air Services of India Ltd. Bombay.

The ten-seater aircraft manufactured by the famed Societe Nationale De Constructions Aeronatiques Du Sud-Ouest of France has an economical cruising speed of about 210 miles per hour and a safe range at this speed of 900 miles. The ultimate range of the plane is nearly 1,100 miles, the most outstanding feature of which is its single engine performance.

A demonstration flight of the aircraft was arranged by the Air Services of India Ltd., today when a party of Bombay journalists was taken to Bangalore. The distance was covered in just over 2½ hours, which has clipped by one hour the time taken by the Dakota to cover the same journey. The added advantage of the aircraft is said to be that the petrol consumption is almost half of that of the Dakota.

READY SOON

The Delhi service, via Indore and Gwalior is scheduled to commence on February 20 and the service to Bangalore is expected to be started soon after.

Mr. S. M. Kapadia, Traffic Manager of the air company, who arranged the demonstration flight, hoped that since speed was the essence of air travel, this aircraft would prove very popular in India.

The crew of the aircraft consisted of Squadron Leader Stubbs, who piloted the plane, Radio Officer Dias and Steward Rao.

Soon after arrival at Bangalore, the pressmen were taken round the Hindustan Aircraft Factory.

STUDENTS CLASH WITH POLICE

Exchange Of Shots: 43 Arrests

AMRITSAR, Feb. 13 (PTI): Forty-three persons have so far been taken into custody till mid-day today following the exchange of shots last night between a police party and members of a torchlight procession taken out by the Communist-dominated Students' Federation Conference. The Conference has been meeting in Amritsar for the last three days.

Latest details of the incident available now show that there were no casualties from the firing but a girl and a boy were injured in the lathi-charge by the police. The girl has been admitted to hospital but her injuries are not stated to be serious. Three police officers and five constables also received minor injuries.

The 200-strong procession shouting slogans is reported to have attacked the Congress office in Hall Hazar and also the police party accompanying the procession. This resulted in a lathi-charge and use of tear gas by police. One person from the procession is stated to have fired at the police. The police fired in reply and chased the dispersed members of the procession.

REDS CLASH WITH POLICE

Three Die In Firing

VIJAYAWADA, Feb. 13 (PTI): Three Communists died in an encounter with Armed Special Police of the Madras State Constabulary yesterday on the border between Hyderabad and Krishna District of Madras State, about seven miles from here, reports reaching here stated today.

According to reports, a police force from the Munagalia enclave, belonging to Madras State, had gone to arrest some Communists, wanted in connection with dacoities and murders, who were hiding on a hill. When the police approached the hill, the Communists were reported to have fired shots and hurled hand grenades at them. The police returned fire and three of the Communists were killed as a result, the reports said.

MAHATMA MEMORIAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 13.

It was officially declared yesterday in the Gandhi Mela held at Tilwaraghat, seven miles from Jubbulpore near the site of the Tripuri Congress session on the banks of the Narmada that the Madhya Pradesh Government has decided to construct a stupa like memorial of Mahatma Gandhi in the place where a portion of the Mahatma's ashes were immersed two years ago.

The construction will cost the Government about Rs. 80,000 and the plan has already been approved. Orders have been issued to commence the work immediately. The memorial will bear the teachings of the Mahatma inscribed on it.

CULTIVATION IN THE PUNJAB

Centre's 1½ Crore Loan

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (UPI): A sum exceeding Rs. 1-1/2 crores has been sanctioned by the Government of India to the Punjab Government for its intensive cultivation schemes as a part of the Grow-More-Food drive. Of this, an amount of Rs. 34,20,500 is to be met out of the Food Bonus Fund available to the State Government and the balance of Rs. 1,25,34,000 has been advanced as a loan.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I VISITED Kanheri Caves on Sunday with a few friends, after an interval of some twelve years. A fine road is in process of being built and, no doubt, in a couple of years, if the effort is kept up, there will be easy access to this beauty-spot. On the other hand, if there is the least slackening, the monsoons will wipe out much of what has so far been accomplished, a phenomenon quite common in the suburbs.

The Bombay Government have in hand a scheme to develop Kanheri into a National Park. In the first instance, it was to be a three-year project, costing some Rs. 50 lakhs. Two out of these three years have ended and the cost has been cut down to Rs. 22 lakhs, which means that it will be a less ambitious project. In this the last year of the preliminary period, it will be necessary to build on permanent lines, and it is fitting that we should take stock of the whole position.

The difficulty of Kanheri development will be water. This is nothing new because many Indian projects have floundered on this rock. We were not experts by any means but we tried to get some light on how the Government propose to surmount the water difficulty. It seemed that the plan was to build a dam on the Dahisar River, running along the approach to the caves, and this dam is expected to be some fifteen feet deep. Unfortunately, the river is on lower level and it will be necessary to go against the natural grain to carry the water up from the artificial reservoir. That, however, is in the future. Immediately, the little garden that has been built around the administrative office, is fed by a monsoon rivulet running down from the caves side, from which, as one of my more knowledgeable colleagues put it, water is pumped up by a "donkey engine", the little pumps which the Bombay Municipality works on its draws very frequently, led in by a fifty-foot rubber hose to a high point, and then from there allowed to dribble wastefully along canals cut in the earth. Another observer called our attention to the patch-work by which the little cement dam forming one wall of rivulet had been repaired. The rivulet was running dry and it would be a miracle if after three weeks any water is left in it. There is a little well which is doing supplementary work.

I do not think that those of the authorities who visit the caves, are ever tempted to look closely at the sources of water; which is rather a pity. Because I rather suspect that the entire project will have to be given up for lack of water supply, unless something is done to meet the need.

The Kanheri National Park, as now planned, is on the American model rather than the European because it combine wild reserves as well as a laid-out garden. It is for this purpose a fairly manageable area. But for its full development it requires good natural soil and an abundance of water. The Kanheri soil, it seems, leaves little to be desired. Even in the uncultivated days, there was abundance of vegetation. But water must be artificially provided for since Nature is niggardly. It is surprising that so little has been done in the past two years to meet this elementary need. The provision of amenities has done much to popularise the place and there are hundreds visiting the Caves on holidays. Yet though there is a good restaurant, there is a great deal of private catering by parties out on a holiday, around the Caves. It was pleasantly surprising to see the place kept far cleaner than it has been in the past. I do not wish to underestimate achievement by any means but this seems rather a small achievement to be done at Rs. 22 lakhs. And, if care is not taken in looking into the water question, I am afraid this is all that can be claimed.

Before leaving Kanheri, there is a little thing which strikes a jarring note. In the Sati Bagh, the area which is developed as a cultivated garden, there is a spot that has been kept as a shrine (to Sati Devi), under a mango tree. It has, I admit, been kept remarkably clean but should it be allowed within the National Park? The Caves themselves are an inspiring memorial; the dominating influence is Buddhist; and this little shrine goes very much against the atmosphere of the place.

POWER GENERATED IN INDIA

Double Since 1939

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13 (PTI): The total units of electricity generated by all public utility power stations in the Indian Union in November exceeded 414 million kilowatt-hours, recording an increase of more than 98 per cent. over the units generated in the same month in 1939, it is learnt. The increase as compared to November 1948 was 11.8 per cent.

The Central Electricity Commission, which compiles monthly statistics received from 484 public utility undertakings in the Indian Union, in its report for November, 1949, indicates that the amount of electricity consumed in the Indian Union by industries was nearly twice the electricity utilised by all other categories of consumers during this month.

10 Killed By Man-Eater

ALMORA, Feb. 13, (PTI): Ten persons mostly women, have been killed by a man-eater roaming about the villages of Paharpani and Chaubhens of Nainital District. The recent victims were two women hailing from Sunderkhel and Shyakote.

Another man-eater which had created terror in some parts of Almora was recently shot down by a shikari who is reported to have left for Paharpani to add another tiger to his bag.

Cotton From Closed Mill To Be Requisitioned

JAIPUR Feb. 13, (PTI): The Rajasthan Government has decided to requisition cotton for Kishengarh Mills in Jaipur which had been closed down on January 27, on the ground of shortage of cotton.

An earlier report incorrectly stated that the Government had decided to requisition the mills, while in view of the hardships for workers on account of the closure of the mills, Government have decided to requisition cotton for them.

Demand For Greater Andhra

WARANGAL, (Hyderabad State), Feb. 13, (PTI): The immediate formation of 'Vishala Andhra" (greater Andhra) province with Hyderabad city as its capital was urged by Mr. A. Kaleswara Rao, M.L.A., Madras, presiding over the first meeting of the Standing Council of the Vishala Andhra Mahasabha here yesterday.

Ayurvedic Congress

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13 (PTI): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply, will inaugurate the 37th session of the All-India Ayurvedic Congress, which opens in Delhi on February 19. Ayurvedacharya Tricumji Jadhavji of Bombay will preside.

An interesting feature of the Congress will be an exhibition of ayurveda in which rare plants, preparations and manuscripts will be displayed. Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting will inaugurate the exhibition.

RICE FORECAST FOR PAKISTAN

Slight Decrease Expected

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Airmail).

A Press Note announces: The second forecast of the area under rice crop in Pakistan for the year 1949-50 is 20,684,000 acres as against 20,710,000 acres of the previous year, and shows a nominal decrease of 0.1 per cent.

The area under Autumn rice in East Bengal decreased by 5.0 per cent. whereas other reporting provinces and states have registered an increase. The condition of the crop as a whole is normal.

Call For A Congress Workers' Meeting

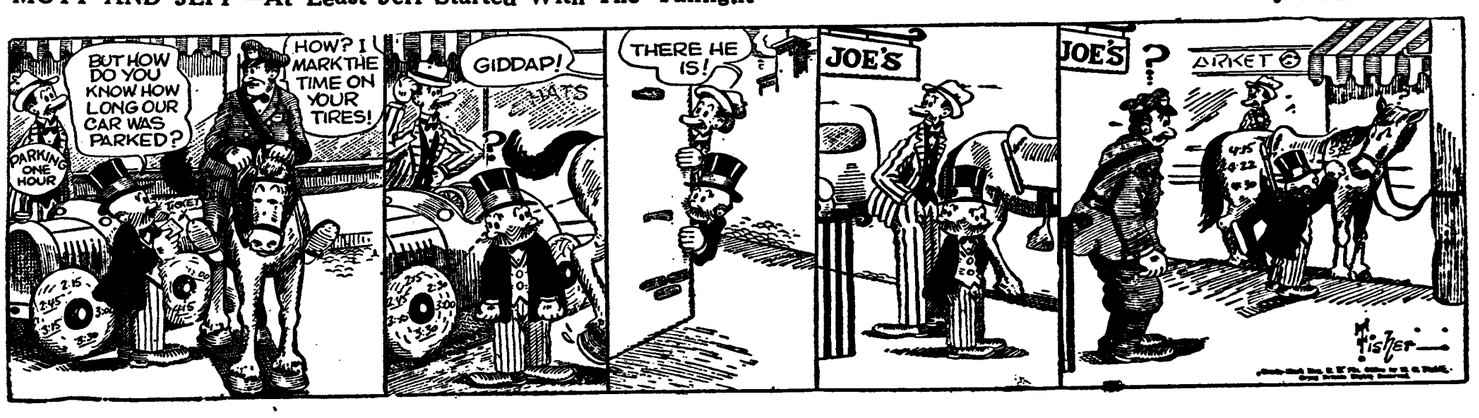
(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Feb. 13.

Several Congress Workers of Thana District have submitted a requisition to the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee authorities requesting them to call a Congress Workers' Sammalen similar to the one held at Nasik recently.

MUTT AND JEFF—At Least Jeff Started With The Taillight

By BUD FISHER



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